Bowling Green Independent School District

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024

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Join Our Conversation



REPORT





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Independent Auditor's Report

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Bowling Green Independent School District Bowling Green, Kentucky

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bowling Green Independent School District (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Independent Auditor's Contract*. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statements date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

• Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison, and select pension/OPEB information on pages 5 through 21 and 89 through 104 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquires, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Bowling Green Independent School District

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 14, 2024 on our consideration of Bowling Green Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Carr, Riggs & Chypan, L.L.C.

Carr, Riggs & Ingram, L.L.C. Bowling Green, Kentucky December 14, 2024



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS





BOWLING GREEN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BOWLING GREEN, KENTUCKY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

As management of the Bowling Green Independent School District (District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information found within the body of the audit.

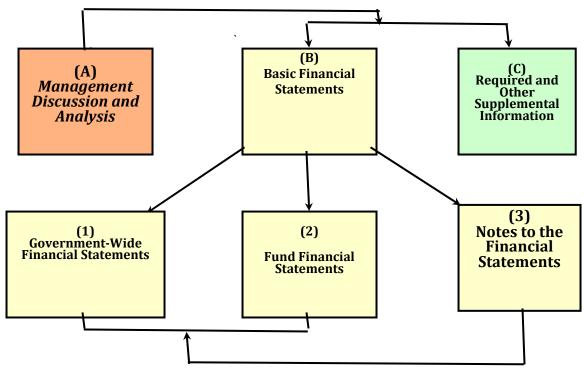
FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's net position increased by \$11,795,000 or 32% (from \$38,500,000 to \$50,295,000). Governmental activities net position increased by \$11,451,000 and Food Service activities net position increased by \$343,000.
- The fund balance at the beginning of Fiscal Year 2024 for the District's General Fund was \$12,286,000. Fund balance at fiscal year-end was \$13,042,000. This represents a current year surplus of revenues over expenditures of \$755,000.
- The Building (FSPK) Fund decreased by \$0.00.
- District revenues increased by 11.48%, while district expenditures increased by 19.41%. Revenues still exceeded expenditures by \$11,795,000. District expenditures directly related to student instruction (Instruction, Student Support; Instructional Staff Support) accounted to 67.23% of total district expenditures; if school administration was included that percentage jumps to 70.97% of total district expenditures.
- Property assessments certified by the Commissioner of Education for the Fiscal Year 2023-24 showed total real estate and personal property valuation at \$1,877,109,000. The 2023-24 real estate and personal property tax rates increased slightly from 2023 at a rate of 84.8 cents per \$100 of assessed property. At this rate, the calculated collection should yield \$15,917,000. The actual collections were \$15,763,000 for a collection rate of 99%.

Overview of Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Bowling Green Independent School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The annual report consists of three parts: (A) management's discussion and analysis (this section), (B) the basic financial statements and note disclosures, and (C) required and other supplemental information. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Organization of the Financial Statements



The Government-Wide Financial Statements have two sections (1) the *Statement of Net Position* and (2) the *Statement of Activities*. The *Statement of Net Position* and *Statement of Activities* provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's major funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column.

Government-Wide Financial Statements (Reporting the School District as a Whole)

One of the most important questions asked about the School District is "How did we do financially during the current fiscal year?" The *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statements of Activities*, which appear first in the School District's financial statements, report information on the School District as a whole and its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include *all assets* and *liabilities* using the *accrual basis of accounting*, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net position and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. However, the School District's goal is to provide services to our students, not to generate profits as commercial entities do. One must consider many other non-financial factors, such as Kentucky's SEEK funding formula and it's adjustments, the School District's property tax base, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statements of Activities, the School District is divided into two distinct kinds of activities:

- Governmental Activities Most of the School District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation and extra-curricular activities. The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). Fixed assets and related debt is also supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.
- Business-Type Activities These services are provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all of the expenses of the goods or services provided. The School District's food service is reported as business activities. These activities are funded thru fees, federal grants, and federal commodities.

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The District's Net Position as of June 30, 2024 was \$50,295,000. This was an increase of \$11,795,000 over the previous year. The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment and construction in progress), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The amount of capital assets, net of related debt was \$55,263,000. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

Government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 22 through 25 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements (Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds)

After looking at the District as a whole, an analysis of the School District's major funds follows. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Fund accounting is a state mandated uniform system and chart of accounts for all Kentucky public school districts utilizing the MUNIS administrative software. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are assets that belong to others. The school's activity funds and the Bowling Green Independent School District Foundation, Inc. are reported as fiduciary funds. The only proprietary fund is the school food service fund. A proprietary fund is sometimes referred to as an enterprise fund. It is a fund that operates like a business with sales of goods and services. All other activities of the District are included in the governmental funds. The major governmental funds for the Bowling Green Independent School District are the general fund, special revenue (grants), construction fund, food service, and the unused sick leave trust fund.

Governmental Funds - Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term view* of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or difference) between governmental *activities* (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statements of Activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the financial statements.

Proprietary Funds - Proprietary funds use the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, the statements for the proprietary fund will essentially match. The only proprietary fund is our food service operations.

Fiduciary Funds – The schools' activity funds (or custodial funds) and Bowling Green Independent School District Foundation, Inc. (or private purpose trust funds) are the District's only fiduciary funds. The schools' activity cash balances at year-end totaled \$497,000 (an increase of \$8,000 over the previous year). Bowling Green Independent School District Foundation, Inc. balance at year-end was \$250,000 (an increase of \$6,000 over the previous year).

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 26 through 37 of this report.

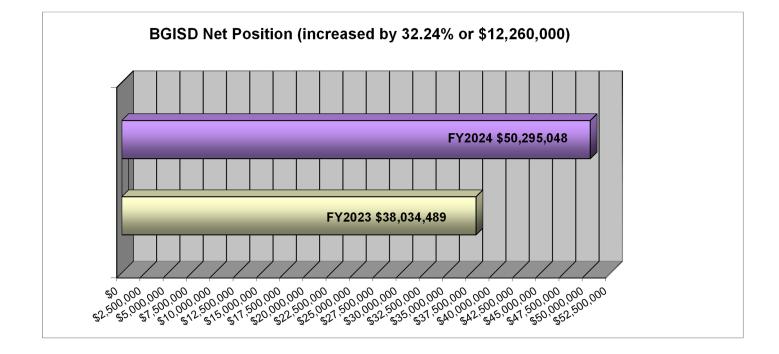
Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 38 through 88 of this report.

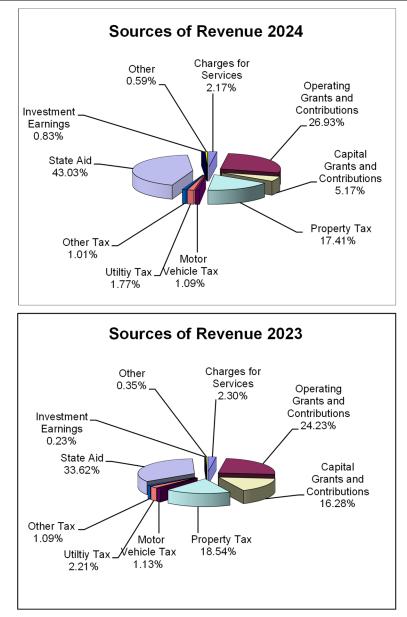
FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

			Proprietary				Total District
	Govern	mental	Business-Type		District		Percentage
	Activ	vities	Activities		Total		Change
	FY2023	FY2024	FY2023	FY2024	FY2023	FY2024	2023 to 2024
Current and Other Assets	\$45,209,781	\$29,193,519	\$2,181,879	\$1,983,093	\$47,391,660	\$31,176,612	-34.2%
Capital Assets		\$135,436,379				\$137,015,251	15.6%
Total Assets	\$163,053,945	\$164,629,898	\$2,865,871	\$3,561,965	\$165,919,816	\$168,191,863	1.4%
Deferred loss on debt refunding	\$318,117	\$245,574	\$0	\$0	\$318,117	\$245,574	-22.8%
OPEB related	\$8,741,925	\$6,826,013	\$392,511	\$394,671	\$9,134,436	\$7,220,684	-21.0%
Pension related	\$3,609,898	\$4,675,779	\$696,355	\$1,099,019	\$4,306,253	\$5,774,798	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$12,669,940	\$11,747,366	\$1,088,866	\$1,493,690	\$13,758,806	\$13,241,056	-3.8%
Long Term Liabilities	\$83,114,290	\$80,212,808	\$11,469	\$34,628	\$83,125,759	\$80,247,436	-3.5%
Net OPEB Liability	\$14,918,749	\$7,531,000	\$763,797	\$0	\$15,682,546	\$7,531,000	-52.0%
Net Pension Liability	\$14,507,034	\$13,685,106	\$2,798,429	\$3,216,619	\$17,305,463	\$16,901,725	-2.3%
Other Liabilities	\$14,593,553	\$9,844,405	\$81,190	\$38,553	\$14,674,743	\$9,882,958	
Total Liabilities	\$127,133,626	\$111,273,319	\$3,654,885	\$3,289,800	\$130,788,511	\$114,563,119	-12.4%
OPEB related	\$6,968,976	\$11,220,368	\$444,800	\$1,271,339	\$7,413,776	\$12,491,707	68.5%
Pension related	\$2,495,157	\$3,305,988	\$481,320	\$777,057	\$2,976,477	\$4,083,045	37.2%
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$9,464,133	\$14,526,356	\$926,120	\$2,048,396	\$10,390,253	\$16,574,752	59.5%
Investment in Capital Assets (net of debt)	\$35,034,013	\$53,684,293	\$683,992	\$1,578,872	\$35,718,005	\$55,263,165	54.7%
Restricted	\$21,992,596		\$725,000	\$0	\$22,717,596	\$11,665,361	-48.7%
Unrestricted Fund (restated for 2017)	-\$17,900,483	-\$14,772,065	-\$2,035,260	-\$1,861,413	-\$19,935,743	-\$16,633,478	-16.6%
Total Net Position (restated for 2017)	\$39,126,126	\$50,577,589	-\$1,091,637	-\$282,541	\$38,034,489	\$50,295,048	32.24%

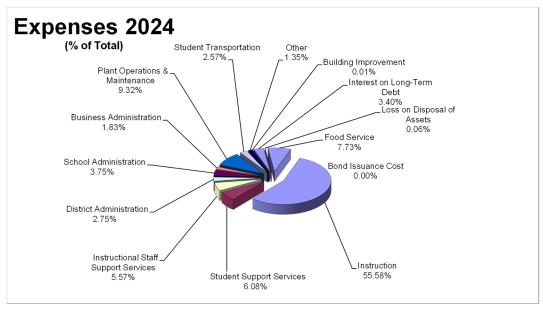


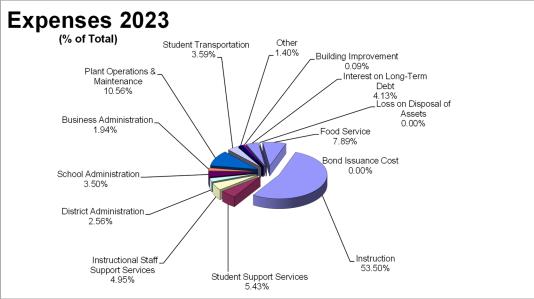
Changes in Net Position for June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2024

Revenues	Governmental Activities		Proprietary Business- Type Activities		District Total		District Total Percentage Change
	FY2023	FY2024	FY2023	FY2024	FY2023	FY2024	2023 to 2024
Program Revenues							
Charges for Services	\$1,709,259	\$1,765,631	\$155,194	\$179,807	\$1,864,453	\$1,945,438	4.34%
Operating Grants and Contributions	\$14,318,976	\$17,792,646	\$5,286,827	\$6,404,395	\$19,605,803	\$24,197,041	23.42%
Capital Grants and Contributions	\$13,175,527	\$4,642,557	\$0	\$0	\$13,175,527	\$4,642,557	-64.76%
General Revenue Taxes						\$0 \$0 \$0	
Property Tax	\$15,003,405	\$15,642,284	\$0	\$0	\$15,003,405	\$15,642,284	4.26%
Motor Vehicle Tax	\$915,201	\$978,166	\$0	\$0	\$915,201	\$978,166	6.88%
Utility Tax	\$1,791,469	\$1,588,165	\$0	\$0	\$1,791,469	\$1,588,165	-11.35%
Other Tax	\$881,739	\$911,038	\$0	\$0	\$881,739	\$911,038	3.32%
State Aid	\$27,198,398	\$38,663,542	\$0	\$0	\$27,198,398	\$38,663,542	42.15%
Investment Earnings	\$172,826	\$729,945	\$15,081	\$11,423	\$187,907	\$741,368	294.54%
Gain on disposal of Assets	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Other	\$251,083	\$473,683	\$32,463	\$60,191	\$283,546	\$533,874	88.28%
Transfers	\$280,000	\$280,000	-\$280,000	-\$280,000	\$0	\$0	
Total Revenues	\$75,697,883	\$83,467,657	\$5,209,565	\$6,375,816	\$80,907,448	\$89,843,473	11.04%



Expenses	Governmental Activities		Proprietary Business- Type Activities		District Total		District Total Percentage Change
	FY2023	FY2024	FY2023	FY2024	FY2023	FY2024	2023 to 2024
Instruction	\$34,968,977	\$43,377,067			\$34,968,977	\$43,377,067	24.044%
Support Services					\$0	\$0	
Student Support Services	\$3,549,892	\$4,744,394			\$3,549,892	\$4,744,394	33.649%
Instructional Staff	\$3,233,656	\$4,349,047			\$3,233,656	\$4,349,047	34.493%
District Administration	\$1,675,700	\$2,147,687			\$1,675,700	\$2,147,687	28.167%
School Administration	\$2,286,162	\$2,923,498			\$2,286,162	\$2,923,498	27.878%
Business Administration	\$1,268,528	\$1,431,980			\$1,268,528	\$1,431,980	12.885%
Plant Operations & Maintenance	\$6,900,061	\$7,276,640			\$6,900,061	\$7,276,640	5.458%
Student Transportation	\$2,347,587	\$2,008,896			\$2,347,587	\$2,008,896	-14.427%
Other	\$916,071	\$1,050,558			\$916,071	\$1,050,558	14.681%
Building Acquisition and Const.	\$291,930	\$0			\$291,930	\$0	-100.000%
Building Improvement	\$62,065	\$6,650			\$62,065	\$6,650	-89.285%
Interest on Long-Term Debt	\$2,701,861	\$2,650,457			\$2,701,861	\$2,650,457	-1.903%
Loss on Disposal of Assets	\$54,185	\$49,320			\$54,185	\$49,320	-8.978%
Bond Issuance Cost	\$0	\$0			\$0	\$0	
Food Service			\$4,691,924	\$6,032,089	\$4,691,924	\$6,032,089	28.563%
Total Expenses	\$60,256,675	\$72,016,194	\$4,691,924	\$6,032,089	\$64,948,599	\$78,048,283	20.169%



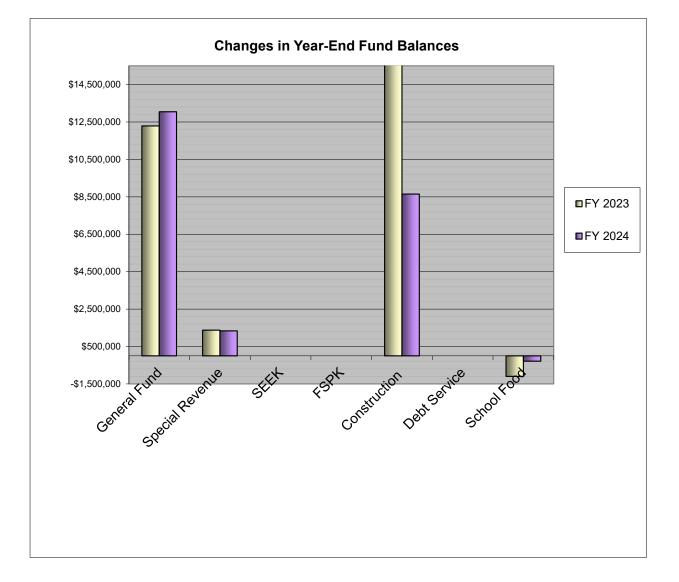


Total revenues during 2024 for the District were \$89,843,000 and the total expenses were \$78,048,000. Revenues exceeded Expenses by \$11,795,000.

- State revenues accounted for 43.03% and local taxes accounted for 21.28% of the revenue.
- Instruction was the major expense category and accounted for 55.58% to the total.
- Food service revenues exceeded expenses by \$343,000 and Governmental revenues exceeded expenses by \$755,000.

Financial Analysis of the District Funds

Changes in End-of-Year Fund Balances	FY 2023	FY 2024	Amount of Change	% Change
General Fund	\$12,286,299	\$13,042,027	\$755,728	6.2%
Special Revenue	\$1,374,446	\$1,338,675	(\$35,771)	-2.6%
SEEK	\$0	\$0	\$0	
FSPK	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Construction	\$20,838,304	\$8,649,132	(\$12,189,172)	-58.5%
Debt Service	\$0	\$0	\$0	
School Food	-\$626,268	-\$282,541	\$343,727	54.9%
Total	\$33,872,781	\$22,747,293	-\$11,125,488	-32.8%



- The General Fund's fund balance increased \$755,000. This represents a current year excess of revenues over expenditures (surplus) of \$755,000.
- The Special Revenue fund decreased \$35,000. All projects in the Special Revenue fund are zeroed at year-end except for the technology projects and Sick Leave fund. The Sick Leave fund shows a decrease of \$3,762 due to a withdrawal from the Sick Leave Trust of \$26,000 (income from the year) and a decrease in market value. Sick leave payouts at retirement during fiscal year 2024 were \$231,000. These payouts were primarily made from the General Fund.
- The School Food's fund balance increased by \$343,727.

Comments on General Fund and Special Revenue Budget Comparisons

• The District's General Fund total revenues of \$46,818,000 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, included On Behalf payments from the state of \$12,855,000. Actual general fund revenue was \$2,140,000 more than was budgeted in the working budget. The district normally budgets conservatively. It is advisable to be conservative when estimating local and state revenue because there have been numerous state funding adjustments in the past that have decreased the amount of state revenue the district received. In addition, local revenue for delinquent, omitted and utility taxes are inconsistent from year to year. A carry-forward balance of 8-10% is recommended.

- Expenditures were \$48,073,000. Excluding the contingency budget of \$14,115,000 actual expenditures were less than the budgeted amount by \$2,115,000. The district is required to budget 2% as contingency, but no expenditures are actually paid from this account. The district's contingency budget for Fiscal Year 2023-2024 increased \$4,418,000 over the previous fiscal year.
- The Special Revenue fund budget compared to actual will always differ slightly because the state budget report only shows current fiscal year grant awards. The Special Revenue expenditures will include current year grant expenditures and previous year grant expenditures that were not completed at the end of the previous year.

GENERAL FUND REVENUES	Budget	Actual
Local	\$ 16,761,106	\$ 17,179,354
State	\$ 29,882,826	\$ 31,386,947
Federal	\$ 175,000	\$ 393,306
SUBTOTAL	\$ 46,818,932	\$ 48,959,607
Beginning Balance	\$ 12,930,062	\$ 12,286,299
Total	\$ 59,748,994	\$ 61,245,906
	difference	\$ 1,496,912
GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES	Budget	Actual
Instruction	\$ 26,595,292	\$ 26,676,458
Student Support Services	\$ 2,542,239	\$ 2,684,916
Instructional Staff Support	\$ 2,910,302	\$ 3,207,229
District Admin.	\$ 1,556,263	\$ 2,038,920
School Admin.	\$ 2,494,158	\$ 2,618,412
Business Support	\$ 1,482,939	\$ 1,415,482

Plant Operations/Maint.

Student Transportation

Building Improvement

Operating Transfers

Other (Including Contingency)

6,703,970

1,563,574

311,556

\$ 14,223,972

\$ \$

\$

\$

Total **\$ 60,384,265**

\$

\$

\$

\$

\$

\$

6,921,173

2,440,517

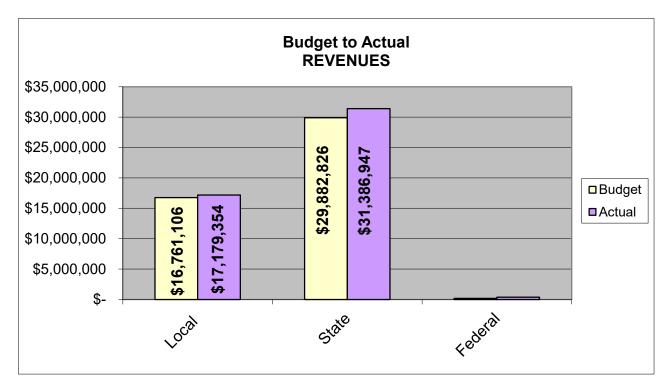
63,314

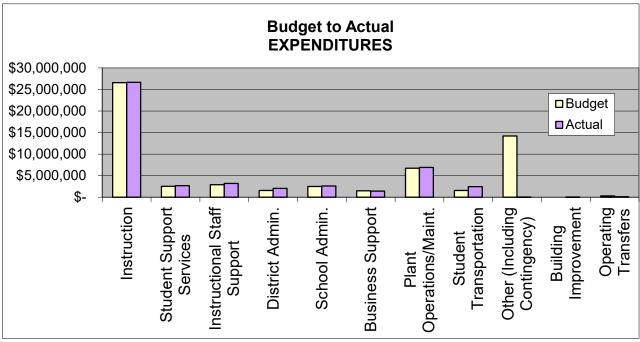
130,809

48,203,879

6,649

General Fund Budget to Actual Comparison FY 2024

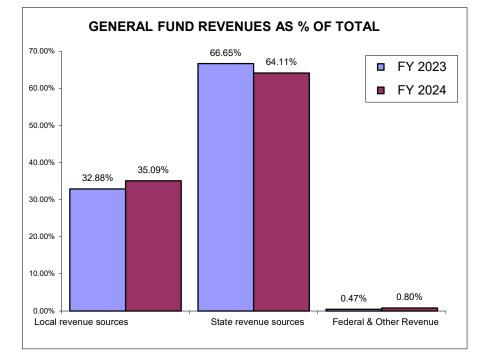




The following tables present a summary of revenue and expenditures of the General Fund for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2024.

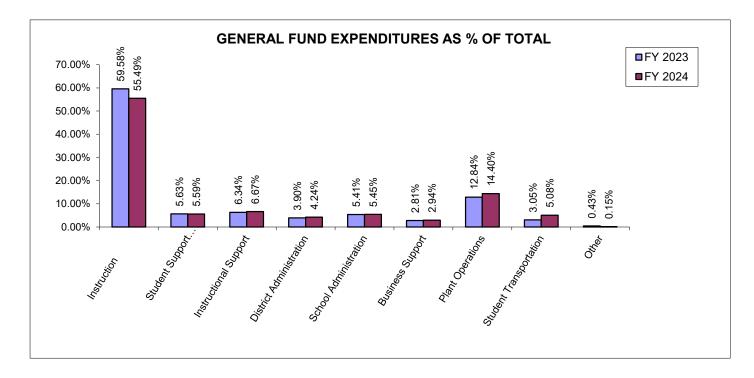
The majority of revenue was derived from state funding, 64.11%, with local revenue sources making up 35.09% of total revenue.

General Fund Revenues:	FY 2023	FY 2024
Local revenue sources	\$16,215,585	\$17,179,354
Taxes		
Property	\$12,111,474	\$12,562,832
Motor Vehicle	\$915,201	\$978,166
Utilities	\$1,791,469	\$1,588,165
Other	\$881,739	\$911,038
Tuition and Fees	\$316,581	\$308,591
Earnings on Investments	\$171,636	\$728,782
Other Local Revenue	\$27,485	\$101,780
State revenue sources	\$32,872,991	\$31,386,947
Federal Revenue	\$231,338	\$393,306
Total revenues	\$49,319,914	\$48,959,607



The majority, 55.49%, of General Fund expenditures were for direct instruction related activities.

General Fund Expenditures	FY 2023	FY 2024
Instruction	\$26,68	80,450 \$26,676,458
Support Services		
Student Support Services	\$2,52	22,053 \$2,684,916
Instructional Support	\$2,84	40,466 \$3,207,229
District Administration	\$1,74	45,126 \$2,038,920
School Administration	\$2,42	22,753 \$2,618,412
Business Support	\$1,25	59,673 \$1,415,482
Plant Operations	\$5,74	47,778 \$6,921,173
Student Transportation	\$1,36	67,723
Other	\$19	<mark>92,093</mark> \$69,963
Total Expenditures	\$44,77	78,115 \$48,073,070
Excess of Revenue over Expenditures	\$4,54	<mark>41,799</mark> \$886,537
Operating Transfers	<mark>\$ (5,18</mark> 5	(130,809) (130,809)
Net Change in Fund Balance	-\$64	<mark>43,761</mark> \$755,728



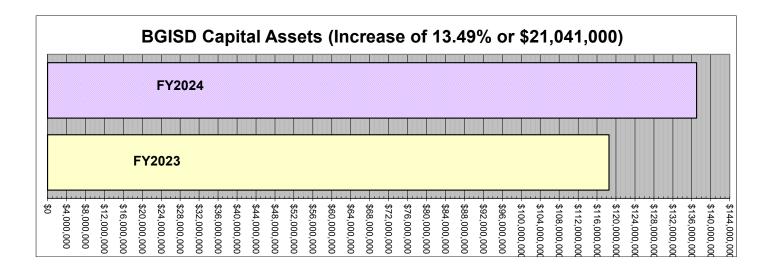
CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

On June 30, 2024, the district's cumulative total initial cost of assets increased by \$21,041,000 to \$179,601,000. This included land, school buildings, athletic facilities, maintenance facilities, computer equipment and administrative offices. Accumulated depreciation on these assets decreased by \$2,554,000 to \$42,586,000 due to disposals. Book value increased for capital assets by \$18,486,000 to \$137,015,000.

SUMMARY OF CAPITAL ASSETS

CAPITAL ASSETS (net of depreciation)	Governmental Activities		Proprietary Business-Type Activities		usiness-Type District		
	FY2023	FY2024	FY2023	FY2024	FY2023	FY2024	2023 to 2024
Land & Land Improvements	\$8,737,415	\$18,512,452	\$0	\$0	\$8,737,415	\$18,512,452	52.80%
Buildings	\$102,494,236	\$102,168,422	\$0	\$0	\$102,494,236	\$102,168,422	-0.32%
Equipment & Furniture	\$6,612,513	14,755,505	\$683,992	\$1,578,872	\$7,296,505	\$16,334,377	55.33%
Total Assets	\$117,844,164	\$135,436,379	\$683,992	\$1,578,872	\$118,528,156	\$137,015,251	13.49%

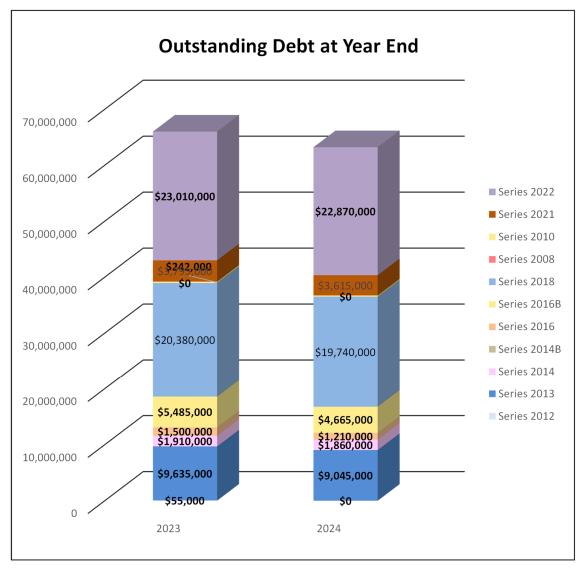


Long-Term Debt

At year-end the district had \$79,774,000 in general obligation bonds outstanding. This was a decrease of \$3,183,000 from the previous year.

C	General Obligation Bonds:			
Series 2008	T.C. Cherry Construction	\$0	\$0	
Series 2010	W.R McNeill Library Renovations	\$242,000	\$214,000	
Series 2012	Refunding Issue 2004	\$55,000	\$0	
Series 2013	Dishman-McGinnis Construction	\$9,635,000	\$9,045,000	
Series 2014	W.R McNeill Kitchen/Cafeteria Renovations	\$1,910,000	\$1,860,000	
Series 2014B	Refunding Issue 2005	\$0	\$0	
Series 2016	Refunding Issue 2007	\$1,500,000	\$1,210,000	
Series 2016B	Refunding Issue 2008	\$5,485,000	\$4,665,000	
Series 2018	Phase 1 BGHS Re-Construction	\$20,380,000	\$19,740,000	
Series 2020	Phase 2 BGHS Re-Construction	\$16,945,000	\$16,555,000	
Series 2021	Phase 3 BGHS Re-Construction	\$3,795,000	\$3,615,000	
Series 2022	Phase 4 BGHS Re-Construction	\$23,010,000	\$22,870,000	
	TOTAL	\$82,957,000	\$79,774,000	

Outstanding Debt at Year End



BUDGETARY IMPLICATIONS

As in the past, it is extremely important that the district continue to budget very conservatively. The district depends heavily on state support; 64.11% of the district's General Fund Revenue during 2024. In the past, there have been significant adjustments in the SEEK funding, as well as, cuts in many state grants. The projected SEEK forecast received from the state should only be considered as an estimate of state revenue.

The major portion of the district's property tax revenue does not come to the district until the fifth through the seventh months of the fiscal year. This means the general fund's beginning fund balance must be used to absorb much of the first four months expenditures. Provisions must always be made to have a significant beginning balance to start each year. The district has an ending general fund balance of \$13,042,000 or 36.80% of the 2024 general fund budget, excluding On-behalf payments of \$12,855,000.

By law, the General Fund budget must have a minimum of 2% in contingency. The 2% is calculated on budgeted expenditures in Fund 1, Fund 2, Fund 310, Fund 320 and Fund 51. The district adopted a Fiscal Year 2024 working budget with a contingency of \$14,115,000 (23.37%).

For the 2023-2024 fiscal year, the Board kept the discretionary staffing allocation percentage at zero percent (3%), with a 4% pay raise for employees. Other actions that will have a financial impact include additional spending on students with special needs, the Limited English Proficient (LEP) program and General Fund matching dollars for other grants. During fiscal year 2024, \$441,000 was needed from the general fund to subsidize special revenue funds (grants). The district currently participates in over 30 federal and state

grants. The total budget for these grants is over \$7.61 million for 2024. Many of these grants are funded on a reimbursement basis. This requires the district to pay the expenses of the grant and then apply for reimbursement. The district must continue to monitor the grants constantly and get reimbursements in a timely manner. The district must also maintain a significant cash balance in order to pay the expenses of these grants while waiting for reimbursements.

DISTRICT CHALLENGES FOR THE FUTURE

The primary challenges for Bowling Green Independent Schools are to continue to provide modern facilities, continue the excellence in education with a diverse population, monitor the impact of increasing employer contributions to both employee retirement systems, and to maintain the average daily attendance count.

The first challenge mentioned above is to provide modern facilities for our students and staff. Our district has in the past, and must continue in the future, to maintain an adequate maintenance budget to keep our facilities repaired and maintained. The district has just finalized the completion of a four phased construction project, which has been built to replace the high school at the current location. The board adopted a recallable nickel tax rate in order to begin this project. The district is also finalizing a \$10,083,000 Local Area Vocational Education Center (LAVEC), on the High School Campus. The Kentucky General Assembly awarded \$8,332,300 of this total cost to support the expansion of career and technical educational programs.

The second challenge mentioned above is to maintain the excellence our district has enjoyed with a growing diverse population. Our community has a growing immigrant population. This presents our district with the challenge of teaching many students who do not speak English. Our Limited English Proficient (LEP) population has grown to be over 22.5% of the district's average daily attendance number with 49 languages spoken. We received \$415/LEP student in additional funding for a total of \$394,000 during Fiscal Year 2023-2024. It will be important to maintain this funding in the future.

The third challenge mentioned is preserving the average daily attendance count. The district receives funding through the SEEK formula based on this count. A very limited number of new homes are being constructed within the boundaries of the district; therefore, growth within the district is limited. It is vital that our schools have high attendance percentages, as well as, monitoring those student enrollments that continue to choose Bowling Green Independent Schools when they could be attending elsewhere. Maintaining excellence and emphasizing public service are the main factors influencing this district challenge.

This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 are designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. Questions regarding this report should be directed to Gary Fields, Superintendent, or to Shaunna Cornwell, Finance Director, located at, 1211 Center St., Bowling Green, KY, 42101, by phone at 270-746-2200, or by email at gary.fields@bgreen.kyschools.us or shaunna.cornwell@bgreen.kyschools.us.

Bowling Green Independent School District Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2024	G	overnmental Activities		iness-type Activities		Total
Assets	ć	15 721 050	ć	1 5 4 1 1 2 5	÷	17 777 107
Cash	\$	15,731,058	\$	1,541,125	Ş	
Investments		10,551,620		-		10,551,620
Accounts receivable:		200.200				
Taxes		366,366		-		366,366
Accounts		6,105		-		6,105
Intergovernmental		1,903,474		184,412		2,087,886
Inventory		-		188,366		188,366
Prepaid expenses		340,500		-		340,500
Non-depreciable capital assets		7,773,064		-		7,773,064
Depreciable capital assets		169,253,111		2,575,632		171,828,743
Less: accumulated depreciation		(41,589,796)		(996 <i>,</i> 760)		(42,586,556)
Net OPEB asset		294,396		69,190		363,586
Total assets		164,629,898		3,561,965		168,191,863
		104,025,858		3,301,303		100,101,005
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Deferred loss on debt refundings		245,574		-		245,574
OPEB related		6,826,013		394,671		7,220,684
Pension related		4,675,779		1,099,019		5,774,798
Total deferred outflows of resources		11,747,366		1,493,690		13,241,056
Liabilities						
Accounts payable		4,009,397		38,553		4,047,950
Accrued liabilities		811,225		-		811,225
Unearned revenue		417,859		-		417,859
Accrued interest		736,605		-		736,605
Long-term obligations:						
Due within one year:						
, Outstanding bonds		3,219,000		-		3,219,000
Compensated absences		592,826		10,198		603,024
Other		57,493		-		57,493
Due beyond one year:		.,				
Outstanding bonds		78,472,441		-		78,472,441
Compensated absences		1,491,641		24,430		1,516,071
Other		248,726		_ 1,130		248,726
Net OPEB liability		7,531,000		-		7,531,000
Net pension liability		13,685,106		3,216,619		16,901,725
		10,000,100		5,210,013		10,301,723
Total liabilities		111,273,319		3,289,800		114,563,119

Bowling Green Independent School District Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2024	G	overnmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
OPEB related		11,220,368	1,271,339	12,491,707
Pension related		3,305,988	777,057	4,083,045
Total deferred inflows of resources		14,526,356	2,048,396	16,574,752
Net Position (Deficit)				
Net investment in capital assets		53,684,293	1,578,872	55,263,165
Restricted for:				
Grant programs		1,338,675	-	1,338,675
Capital projects		8,777,327	-	8,777,327
Compensated absences		1,052,059	-	1,052,059
Student Activities		497,300	-	497,300
Unrestricted (deficit)		(14,772,065)	(1,861,413)	(16,633,478)
Total net position (deficit)	\$	50,577,589	\$ (282,541) \$	50,295,048

Bowling Green Independent School District Statement of Activities

						xpense) Reveni	
			Program Revenu	nges in Net Pos Business-	tion		
		Charges for	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and	Governmental		
Year Ended June 30, 2024	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	type Activities	Total
	Expenses			Contractions	,	,	10101
Governmental Activities							
Instruction	\$ 43,377,067	\$ 1,761,443	\$ 8,346,273	\$ 81,823	\$ (33,187,528)	\$-	\$ (33,187,528)
Support services:							
Student	4,744,394	-	1,422,633	-	(3,321,761)	-	(3,321,761)
Instructional staff	4,349,048	-	972,863	-	(3,376,185)	-	(3,376,185)
District administration	2,147,687	-	37,172	-	(2,110,515)	-	(2,110,515)
School administration	2,923,498	-	121,018	-	(2,802,480)	-	(2,802,480)
Business	1,431,980	-	33,660	-	(1,398,320)	-	(1,398,320)
Plant operations and							
maintenance	7,276,640	4,188	588,270	-	(6,684,182)	-	(6,684,182)
Student transportation	2,008,896	-	5,255,962	-	3,247,066	-	3,247,066
Other	1,050,558	-	1,014,795	-	(35,763)	-	(35,763)
Building acquisition and							
construction	-	-	-	4,157,629	4,157,629	-	4,157,629
Building improvement	6,649	-	-	-	(6,649)	-	(6,649)
Loss on disposal of assets	49,320	-	-	-	(49,320)	-	(49,320)
Interest on long-term debt	2,650,457	-	-	403,105	(2,247,352)	-	(2,247,352)
Total governmental activities	72,016,194	1,765,631	17,792,646	4,642,557	(47,815,360)	-	(47,815,360)
<u> </u>				· ·			
Business-type activities							
Food services	6,032,089	179,807	6,404,395	-	-	552,113	552,113
Total business-type activities	6,032,089	179,807	6,404,395			552,113	552,113
Total school district	\$ 78,048,283	\$ 1,945,438	\$ 24,197,041	\$ 4,642,557	(47,815,360)	552,113	(47,263,247)

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Bowling Green Independent School District Statement of Activities

	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position								
		Business-							
	Governmental	type							
Year Ended June 30, 2024	Activities	Activities	Total						
General Revenues									
Taxes:									
Property	15,642,284	-	15,642,284						
Motor vehicle	978,166	-	978,166						
Utilities	1,588,165	-	1,588,165						
Other	911,038	-	911,038						
State aid	38,663,542	-	38,663,542						
Investment earnings	729,945	11,423	741,368						
Other	473,683	60,191	533,874						
Transfers	280,000	(280,000)	-						
Total general revenues and transfers	59,266,823	(208,386)	59,058,437						
Change in net position (deficit)	11,451,463	343,727	11,795,190						
Net position (deficit) - beginning of year	39,126,126	(626,268)	38,499,858						
Net position (deficit) - end of year	\$ 50,577,589	\$ (282,541) \$	50,295,048						

Bowling Green Independent School District Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

June 30, 2024	General Fund		Special Revenue Fund		Construction Fund		Other Governmental Funds		Total overnmental Funds
Assets									
Cash	\$ 8,161,664	\$	-	\$	6,933,320	\$	636,074	\$	15,731,058
Investments	5,308,392		1,052,059		4,191,169		-		10,551,620
Accounts receivable:									
Taxes	366,366		-		-		-		366,366
Accounts	-		-		-		6,105		6,105
Intergovernmental	65,861		1,837,613		-		-		1,903,474
Due from other funds	574,402		-		-		-		574,402
Prepaid expenses	335,187		-		-		-		335,187
Total assets	\$ 14,811,872	\$	2,889,672	\$	11,124,489	\$	642,179	\$	29,468,212

Bowling Green Independent School District Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

June 30, 2024	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Revenue Construction Govern		Other Governmental Funds		G	Total overnmental Funds
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$ 958,620	\$ 558 <i>,</i> 736	\$	2,475,357	\$	16,684	\$	4,009,397
Accrued liabilities	811,225	-		-		-		811,225
Due to other funds	-	574,402		-		-		574,402
Unearned revenue	-	417,859		-		-		417,859
Total liabilities	1,769,845	1,550,997		2,475,357		16,684		5,812,883
Fund Balances								
Restricted	-	1,338,675		8,649,132		625,495		10,613,302
Assigned	11,435,723	-		-		-		11,435,723
Nonspendable	335,187	-		-		-		335,187
Unassigned	1,271,117	-		-		-		1,271,117
Total fund balances	13,042,027	1,338,675		8,649,132		625,495		23,655,329
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 14,811,872	\$ 2,889,672	\$	11,124,489	\$	642,179	\$	29,468,212

Bowling Green Independent School District Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position

June 30,	2024
Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 23,655,329
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net postion are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The cost of the assets is \$177,026,175 and the accumulated depreciation is (\$41,589,796).	135,436,379
Prepaid expenses are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in the governmental funds.	5,313
Governmental funds record losses on debt refundings as other financing uses when the issues are refunded. Unamortized losses on refundings are included on the government-wide financial statements as a deferred outflow.	245,574
Deferred outflows and inflows or resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods, therefore, are not reported in the funds statements.	1,369,791
Deferred outflows and inflows or resources related to OPEB are applicable to future periods, therefore, are not reported in the funds statements.	(4,394,355)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:	
Bonds payable	(81,691,441)
Accrued interest on the bonds	(736,605)
Other debt	(306,219)
Net OPEB liability	(7,236,604)
Net pension liability	(13,685,106)
Compensated absences	(2,084,467)
Total net position - governmental activities	\$ 50,577,589

Bowling Green Independent School District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Funds Balances Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2024	Special General Revenue Fund Fund		Construction Fund		Go	Other vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
Revenues									
From local sources:									
Taxes:									
Property \$	12,562,832	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,079,452	\$	15,642,284
Motor vehicle	978,166		-		-		-		978,166
Utilities	1,588,165		-		-		-		1,588,165
Other	911,038		-		-		-		911,038
Tuition and fees	308,591		-		-		1,452,852		1,761,443
Earnings on investments	728,782		51,332		551,460		1,163		1,332,737
Other local revenue	101,780		51,775		-		3,882		157,437
Intergovernmental - state	31,386,947		6,012,189		-		4,009,274		41,408,410
Intergovernmental - federal	393,306		11,759,173		-		-		12,152,479
Total revenues	48,959,607		17,874,469		551,460		8,546,623		75,932,159
Expenditures									
Current:									
Instruction	26,676,458		8,718,113		-		1,403,709		36,798,280
Support services:									
Student	2,684,916		1,422,633		-		-		4,107,549
Instructional staff	3,207,229		972,863		-		5,171		4,185,263
District administration	2,038,920		37,172		-		-		2,076,092
School administration	2,618,412		121,018		-		-		2,739,430
Business	1,415,482		33,660		-		-		1,449,142
Plant operations and									
maintenance	6,921,173		588,270		-		-		7,509,443

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Bowling Green Independent School District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Funds Balances Governmental Funds

		Special			Other		Total
	General	Revenue	Construction	Go	vernmental	G	overnmental
Year Ended June 30, 2024	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds			Funds
Student transportation	2,440,517	5,255,962	-		12,000		7,708,479
Other	63,314	1,014,795	-		-		1,078,109
Debt service:							
Principal	-	-	-		3,183,000		3,183,000
Interest	-	-	-		2,700,534		2,700,534
Building improvement	6,649	-	-		-		6,649
Building acquisition &							
construction	-	-	14,103,550		-		14,103,550
Total expenditures	48,073,070	18,164,486	14,103,550		7,304,414		87,645,520
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures	886,537	(290,017)	(13,552,090)		1,242,209		(11,713,361)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Operating transfers in	310,252	284,498	1,362,918		5,602,064		7,559,732
Operating transfers out	(441,061)	(30,252)	-		(6,808,419)		(7,279,732)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(130,809)	254,246	1,362,918		(1,206,355)		280,000
Net change in fund balances	755,728	(35,771)	(12,189,172)		35,854		(11,433,361)
Fund balances - beginning of year	12,286,299	1,374,446	20,838,304		589,641		35,088,690
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 13,042,027	\$ 1,338,675	\$ 8,649,132	\$	625,495	\$	23,655,329

Bowling Green Independent School District Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30,	2024
Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ (11,433,361)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay (\$22,143,652) exceeds depreciation (\$4,481,020) in the period.	17,662,632
Gains and losses are not presented in governmental funds because they do not provide or use current financial resources. However, they are presented on the statement of activities. The difference between proceeds from the sale of assets and the actual gain (loss) from the sale net to this amount for the year.	(70,417)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	3,183,000
The issuance of a debt is shown as an other financing source in the governmental funds, but the proceeds increase long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. The district issued \$673,301 and repaid (\$367,082) in debt in the current year.	(306,219)
Governmental funds report district OPEB contributions as expenditures. However, in the statements of activities, the cost of OPEB benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as OPEB expense.	
District OPEB contributions Cost of benefits earned net of employee contributions	605,741 909,100
Governmental funds report district pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the statements of activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense.	
District pension contributions Cost of benefits earned net of employee contributions	1,610,056 (533,078)
Expenditures reported in the fund financial statements are recognized when the current financial resource is used. However, expenses in the statement of	
activities are recognized when they are incurred.	(175,991)
Change in net position - governmental activities	\$ 11,451,463

Bowling Green Independent School District Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund

June 30, 2024	Enterprise Fund Food Service
Assets	
Current Assets	
Cash	\$ 1,541,125
Accounts receivable:	
Intergovernmental	184,412
Inventory	188,366
Total current assets	1,913,903
Noncurrent Assets	
Net OPEB asset	69,190
Fixed assets - net	1,578,872
Total assets	3,561,965
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
OPEB related	394,671
Pension related	1,099,019
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,493,690
Liabilities	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts payable	38,553
Compensated absences due within one year	10,198
Total current liabilities	48,751
Long-Term Liabilities	
Compensated absences due beyond one year	24,430
Net pension liability	3,216,619
Total long-term liabilities	3,241,049
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
OPEB related	1,271,339
Pension related	777,057
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,048,396
Net Position (Deficit)	
Net investment in capital assets	1,578,872
Unrestricted (deficit)	(1,861,413)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (282,541)

Bowling Green Independent School District Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund

	Enterprise Fund	
Year Ended June 30, 2024	Fo	ood Service
Operating Revenues		
Lunchroom sales	\$	179,807
Total operating revenues		179,807
Operating Expenses		
Salaries and wages		2,939,227
Contract services		5,055
Materials and supplies		2,922,881
Depreciation expense		162,593
Total operating expenses		6,029,756
Operating loss		(5,849,949)
Non-Operating Revenues		
State operating grants		428,873
Federal operating grants		5,904,270
Donated commodities		71,252
Interest income		11,423
Loss on disposal of assets		(2,333)
Other		60,191
Total non-operating revenues		6,473,676
Income before transfers		623,727
Transfers		(280,000)
Change in net position		343,727
Net position (deficit) - beginning of year		(626,268)
Net position (deficit) - end of year	\$	(282,541)

Bowling Green Independent School District Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2024	Enterprise Fund Food Service
Cash flows from an exating activities	
Cash flows from operating activities	\$ 179,807
Cash received from user charges	. ,
Cash payments to employees for services	(2,239,618)
Cash payments for contract services	(5,055)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services	(2,963,943)
Net cash used in operating activities	(5,028,809)
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities	
Transfer to the general fund	(280,000)
Nonoperating grants received	5,901,263
Other	60,191
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities	5,681,454
Cash flows from capital and related financing activites	
Acquisition of capital assets	(1,059,806)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(1,059,806)
Cash flows from investing activites	
Interest on investments	11,423
Net cash provided by investing activities	11,423
Decrease in cash	(395,738)
Cash - Beginning of Year	1,936,863
Cash - End of Year	\$ 1,541,125

Bowling Green Independent School District Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2024		Enterprise Fund Food Service		
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used In Operating Activities				
Operating loss	\$	(5,849,949)		
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used in operating				
activities:				
Depreciation		162,593		
Commodities received		71,252		
On-behalf payments		401,076		
Pension contributions in excess of pension expense		311,263		
OPEB contributions in excess of OPEB expense		(8 <i>,</i> 608)		
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
Inventories		(96 <i>,</i> 958)		
Accounts payable		(15,356)		
Accrued benefits		(4,122)		
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(5,028,809)		

Noncash Activities

- The food service fund received \$71,252 of donated commodities from the federal government.
- The District received on-behalf payments of \$401,076 relating to fringe benefits from the state government.
- The District reclassified \$378,436 related to pension expense to deferred outflows of resources.
- The District reclassified \$0 related to OPEB expense to deferred outflows of resources.

				Private		
	Def	erred	Purpose			
June 30, 2024	Compe	Compensation		Trust Fund		
Assets						
Cash	\$	66,686	\$	250,288		
Total assets	\$	66,686	\$	250,288		
Liabilities						
Deferred compensation payable	\$	66,686	\$	-		
Total liabilities		66,686		-		
Net Position						
Held in trust for scholarships		-		113,877		
Held in trust for district support		-		136,411		
Total not position	ć		ć	250 200		
Total net position	\$	-	Ş	250,288		

Bowling Green Independent School District Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds

	Ρι	Private Purpose			
Year Ended June 30, 2024	Iru	st Fund			
Additions					
Interest revenue	\$	1,599			
Contributions		7,959			
Total additions		9,558			
Deductions					
Scholarships		1,382			
District support		1,681			
Total deductions		3,063			
Change in net position		6,495			
Net position - beginning of year		243,793			
Net position - end of year	\$	250,288			

NOTE 1: DESCRIPTION OF THE ENTITY

Reporting Entity

The Bowling Green Independent Board of Education (the "Board"), a five member group, is the level of government which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of the Bowling Green Independent School District (the "District"). The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, *Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards*, as Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies which may influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds relevant to the operation of the Bowling Green Independent School District. The financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which although associated with the school system, have not originated within the Board itself such as Band Boosters, Parent-Teacher Associations, etc., except for those funds administered as custodial funds.

For financial reporting purposes, the accompanying financial statements include all of the operations over which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for organizations that make up its legal entity, as well as legally separate organizations that meet certain criteria. The criteria for inclusion in the reporting entity involve those cases where the District or its officials appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and is either able to impose its will on the organization and there is potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or to impose specific financial burdens on the District or nature and significance of the relationship between the District and the organization is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be incomplete. The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units.

Blended Component Unit

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statements of the following organizations are included in the accompanying financial statements as blended component units:

Bowling Green Independent School District Finance Corporation — The Bowling Green Independent Board of Education resolved to authorize the establishment of the Bowling Green Independent School District Finance Corporation (a nonprofit, nonstock, public and charitable corporation organized under the School Bond Act and KRS 273 and KRS 58.180) as an agency of the Board for financing the costs of school building facilities. The Board Members of the Bowling Green Independent School District also comprise the Corporation's Board of Directors.

NOTE 1: DESCRIPTION OF THE ENTITY (CONTINUED)

Reporting Entity (continued)

Bowling Green Independent School District Foundation- The Foundation is used to benefit the District and to provide scholarships to students based on donor designation. Two Board Members of the Bowling Green Independent Board of Education are members of the Foundation's Board of Directors. The Foundation also shares like management with the District.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements — The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the District, except for fiduciary funds. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are, therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Basis of Presentation (continued)

Fund Financial Statements — Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category — governmental, proprietary and fiduciary — are presented. The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The District has the following funds:

Governmental Fund Types

The *General Fund* is the primary operating fund of the District. It accounts for financial resources used for general types of operations. This is a budgeted fund and any unassigned fund balance is considered as resources available for use. The general fund is a major fund.

The *Special Revenue Fund* accounts for proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. It includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally-funded grant programs are identified in the schedule of expenditures of federal awards. The Sick Leave Trust is to solely benefit the District. The corpus and any earnings of the Trust are restricted for payment of compensated absences of the District as stated in the trust agreement. The sick leave trust is included within the special revenue fund. The special revenue fund is a major fund.

The *Special Revenue District Activity Fund* is used to account for proceeds collected by the District's individual schools which are not raised by students or parents and are swept to the District's finance office and contains transfers from the District's general fund. Funds can be spent on operating expenses as directed by the District's schools.

The *Special Revenue Student Activity Fund* is used to account for student activity funds of the District's individual schools. The student funds are maintained in accordance with the Uniform Program of Accounting for School Activity Funds, which is performed by the District.

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. Capital projects funds exclude those types of capital-related outflows financed by proprietary funds or for assets that will be held in trust for individuals, private organizations or other governments.

Basis of Presentation (continued)

Governmental Fund Types (continued)

The *Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund* receives those funds designated by the state as capital outlay funds and is restricted for use in financing projects identified in the District's facility plan and certain operating costs.

The Facility Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK) Fund accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds are restricted for use in financing projects identified in the District's facility plan.

The *Construction Fund* accounts for proceeds from sales of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction. The construction fund is a major fund.

The *Debt Service Fund* is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest and other debt related costs.

Proprietary Fund Types

Enterprise Fund

The *Food Service Fund* is used to account for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program, which is conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). Amounts have been recorded for in-kind contributions of commodities from the USDA. The food service fund is a major fund.

Fiduciary Fund Types (includes custodial funds and private purpose trust funds)

Fiduciary funds account for assets held by the District in a trustee's capacity or in a custodial capacity for others that cannot be used to support the District's own programs. Trust funds account for assets held by the District under the terms of a formal trust agreement. Custodial funds are purely custodial and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Custodial Funds

Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension trust funds, investment trust funds, or private purpose trust funds.

Basis of Presentation (continued)

Fiduciary Fund Types (continued)

Private Purpose Trust Fund

The Private Purpose Trust Fund is used to report trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals and the District's operations.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-Wide, Proprietary and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements – The government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, all assets and liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet. Proprietary and fiduciary fund-type operating statements present increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net position. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flow takes place.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements – Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This approach differs from the manner in which the government-wide financial statements are prepared. The governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in the fund balance. On this basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available as assets. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The records of the District and the budgetary process are based on the modified accrual basis of accounting. This practice is the accounting method prescribed by the Committee for School District Audits. The District is required by state law to adopt annual budgets for the general fund, special revenue fund and capital projects funds.

Budgetary Information

Budget information is presented for the General Fund and other funds with a Board approved budget. This budgetary data is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Budgetary revenues represent original estimates modified for any adjustments approved by the Board during the fiscal year. Budgetary expenditures represent original appropriations adjusted for transfers and additional appropriations approved during the fiscal year. Once the budget is approved, it can be amended by approval of the Board.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, designated fund balances and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates that are particularly susceptible to significant change in the near term are related to fair market value of investments, compensated absences, pension liability, and OPEB liability.

Investments

Investments are reported at fair value which is determined using selected bases. Short- term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates, and investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value. Cash deposits are reported at carrying amount, which reasonably estimates fair value.

Inventory

Supplies and materials are charged to expenditures when purchased (purchases method) with the exception of the proprietary funds, which record inventory at the lower of cost, determined by first-in first-out ("FIFO") method, or net realizable value.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000 with the exception of computers, digital cameras and real property for which there is no threshold. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

All reported capital assets are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives for both general capital assets and proprietary fund assets:

Description	Estimated Lives
Buildings and improvements	25-50 years
Land improvements	20 years
Technology equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
Audio-visual equipment	15 years
Food service equipment	10-12 years
Rolling stock	15 years
Other	10 years

In the fund financial statements, fixed assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Fixed assets are not capitalized and related depreciation is not reported in the fund financial statements.

Deferred Inflow and Outflows of Resources – Debt Related

The District reports decreases in net position that relate to future periods as deferred outflows of resources in a separate section of its government-wide statement of net position. The deferred outflows of resources reported in the financial statements include the deferred amount arising from the refunding of bonds. The amount by which the reacquisition price of the refunding debt exceeds the carrying amount of the refunded debt is being amortized over the remaining life of the refunding

Deferred Inflow and Outflows of Resources – Debt Related (continued)

bonds as part of interest expense. No deferred outflows of resources affect the governmental funds financial statements in the current year. The deferred inflows of resources reported in the financial statements include the deferred gain on debt defeasance. The deferred gain is being amortized over the remaining life of the bond as part of other revenues.

Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources – Pension Related

The District's statement of net position and proprietary funds statements of net position report a separate section for deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to pension which includes only certain categories of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. These include differences between expected and actual experience, changes of assumptions, and differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments. Deferred outflows include resources for the District's contributions made subsequent to the measurement date. Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are netted and amortized over a closed five-year period. Deferred inflows of resources also include changes in the proportion and differences between employee contributions and the proportion share of contributions in the cost sharing plan. In its governmental funds, the only deferred inflow of resources is for revenues that are not considered available. The District will not recognize the related revenues until they are available (collected not later than 60 days after the end of the District's fiscal year) under the modified accrual basis of accounting. No deferred inflows of resources affect the governmental funds financial statements in the current year.

Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources – OPEB Related

The District's statement of net position and proprietary funds statements of net position report a separate section for deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to OPEB which includes only certain categories of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. These include differences between expected and actual experience, changes of assumptions, and differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments. Deferred outflows include resources for the District's contributions made subsequent to the measurement date. Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments of resources also include changes in the proportion and differences between employee contributions and the proportion share of contributions in the cost sharing plan. In its governmental funds, the only deferred inflow of resources is for revenues that are not considered available. The District will not recognize the related revenues until they are available (collected not later than 60 days after the end of the District's fiscal year) under the modified accrual basis of accounting. No deferred inflows of resources affect the governmental funds financial statements in the current year.

Net Pension Liability

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System (CERS)/Teachers Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (KTRS) and additions to/deductions from CERS/KTRS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CERS/KTRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The District proportionate share of pension amounts were further allocated to each participating employer based on the contributions paid by each employer. Pension investments are reported at fair value. Note 8 provides further detail on the net pension liability.

Net Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Liability

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System (CERS)/Teachers Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (KTRS) and additions to/deductions from CERS/KTRS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CERS/KTRS. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The District's proportionate share of OPEB amounts were further allocated to each participating employer based on the contributions paid by each employer. OPEB investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost. Note 9 provides further detail on the net OPEB liability.

Post-Employment Health Care Benefits

Retired District employees receive some health care benefits depending on their length of service. In accordance with Kentucky Revised Statutes, these benefits are provided and advanced-funded on an actuarially determined basis through the CERS and the KTRS plans.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenue.

Compensated Absences

The District uses the vesting method to compute compensated absences for sick leave. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the District will

Compensated Absences (continued)

compensate the employees for the benefits at termination. The District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave when earned for all employees with more than five years of service.

The entire compensated absences liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are reported as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the funds from which the employees will be paid.

Accrued Liabilities

All payables and accrued liabilities are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds and is recorded as an adjustment to interest expense. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. In accordance with GASB Codification Section 130: *Interest Costs – Imputation*, bond issuance costs are expensed in the period incurred except for prepaid insurance costs.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

Leases

Lease contracts that provide the District with control of a non-financial asset, such as land, buildings or equipment, for a period of time in excess of twelve month are reported as a leased asset with a related lease liability. The lease liability is recorded at the present value of future lease payments, including fixed payments, variable payments based on an index or fixed rate and reasonably certain residual guarantees. The intangible leased asset is recorded for the same amount as the related lease liability plus any prepayments and initial direct costs to place the asset in service. Leased assets are amortized over the shorter of the useful life of the asset or lease term.

Leases (continued)

The lease liability is reduced for lease payments made, less the interest portion of the lease payment.

Net Position

The District classifies its net position into the following three categories:

Net investment in capital assets - This represents the District's total investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position.

Restricted - The restricted component of net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Generally, a liability relates to restricted assets if the asset results from a resource flow that also results in the recognition of a liability or if the liability will be liquidated with the restricted assets reported.

Unrestricted - The unrestricted component of net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

When an expense is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the District's policy is to first apply the expense towards restricted resources, and then towards unrestricted resources.

Property Taxes

Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fund for which they were levied. The assessment date of the property taxes is January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set during the September board meeting. Assuming property tax bills are timely mailed, the collection date is the period from September 15 through December 31. Collections from the period September 15 through November 1 receive a two percent discount. The due date is the period from November 2 through December 31 in which no discount is allowed. Property taxes received subsequent to December 31 are considered to be delinquent and subject to a lien being filed by the City Attorney.

Revenues — **Exchange** and **Nonexchange Transactions**

Revenues resulting from exchange transactions are where each party receives equal value. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within 60 days of the fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. Assets from property taxes are normally recognized when an enforceable legal claim arises. However, for the District, an enforceable legal claim arises after the period for which taxes are levied. Property taxes receivable are recognized in the same period that the revenues are recognized. The property taxes are normally levied in September.

On the modified accrual basis of accounting, assets and revenues from property taxes are recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. Revenues from nonexchange transactions must also be available before they can be recognized.

Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and as non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds.

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as interfund receivables/payables. These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statements of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of fixed assets or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for expenditure of monies are recorded as reservations of budget, is employed as an extension of the statutory required budgetary process. At year-end, outstanding encumbrances represent material purchase commitments for goods and services which were ordered, budgeted, and appropriated, but had not been received or completed at date. Although encumbrances lapse at year-end, it is the intention to substantially honor these encumbrances under authority provided in the subsequent year's budget. Note 7 provides further detail on the District's encumbrances.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the enterprise fund. For the District, these revenues are sales for food service. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the service that is the primary activity of the enterprise fund.

Subsequent Events

The District has evaluated subsequent events through the date the financial statements were available to be issued, December 14, 2024, and determined there were no events that occurred that required disclosure. No subsequent events occurring after this date have been evaluated for inclusion in the financial statements.

Recent Issued and Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections, This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements for (a) accounting changes and (b) the correction of an error in previously issued financial statements (error correction). This Statement defines accounting changes as changes in accounting principles, changes in accounting estimates, and changes to or within the financial reporting entity and describes the transactions or other events that constitute those changes. This Statement prescribes the accounting and financial reporting for (1) each type of accounting change and (2) error corrections. This Statement requires that (a) changes in accounting principles and error corrections be reported retroactively by restating prior periods, (b) changes to or within the financial reporting entity be reported by adjusting beginning balances of the current period, and (c) changes in accounting estimates be reported prospectively by recognizing the change in the current period. This Statement requires disclosure in notes to financial statements of descriptive information

Bowling Green Independent School District Notes to the Financial Statements

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Recent Issued and Adopted Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

about accounting changes and error corrections, such as their nature. In addition, information about the quantitative effects on beginning balances of each accounting change and error correction should be disclosed by reporting unit in a tabular format to reconcile beginning balances as previously reported to beginning balances as restated. Furthermore, this Statement addresses how information that is affected by a change in accounting principle or error correction should be presented in required supplementary information (RSI) and supplementary information (SI). The requirements of this Statement are effective for accounting changes and error corrections made in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. The implementation of this standard was not significant to the District.

Recent Issued Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of the financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. The District is evaluating the requirements of this Statement.

NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

At June 30, 2024, the carrying amounts of the District's deposits were \$17,589,157 and the bank balances were \$20,086,996, which were covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the bank's agent in the District's name.

NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits (continued)

The carrying amounts are reflected in the financial statements as follows:

June 30,	2024		
Governmental funds	\$	15,731,058	
Proprietary funds		1,541,125	
Fidicuiary funds		316,974	
	\$	17,589,157	

Custodial Credit Risk-Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a formal deposit policy for custodial credit risk. However, the District is required by state statute that bank deposits must be collateralized. The District's bank balance of \$20,086,996 was not exposed to custodial credit risk as of June 30, 2024.

Investments

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principal. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The District has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2024:

Description	- air Value	Ac fo	oted Prices in tive Markets or Identical sets (Level 1)	0	ignificant Other bservable uts (Level 2)	Unob	nificant servable s (Level 3)
June 30, 2024							
Sick Leave Trust							
Mutual funds	\$ 25,652	\$	25,652	\$	-	\$	-
Certificates of Deposit	145,755		145,755		-		-
Municipal securities	190,893		-		190,893		-
U.S government securities	689,759		-		689,759		-
Total	\$ 1,052,059	\$	171,407	\$	880,652	\$	-

NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (continued)

June 30, 2 Sick Leave Trust Investments	Rating	Maturities	Fair Value
Sick Ecave Trast investments	Kating	Waturtics	
Trust Insured Cash Account	N/R	- 1	\$ 25,339
Bank of America NA 4.80%	N/R	4/6/2026	34,945
BMW Bank CD 4.95%	N/R	11/18/2025	34,828
Capital One Natl CD 5.0%	N/R	11/16/2027	50,643
Kentucky St Ppty & Bldgs	N/R	11/1/2030	13,602
Caldwell Co Ky 2.00%	N/R	4/1/2031	28,576
Louisville Jefferson Cnty KY 3.5%	Aa3	5/1/2025	14,720
Northern KY Univ Gen 2.938%	A2	9/1/2036	39,873
Henry Co Ky Sch 1.80%	AA+	8/1/2030	28,990
Williston ND 3.25%	AA-	5/1/2029	24,116
Ky Assoc Of Counties 2.625%	AA-	2/1/2035	41,016
Fannie Mae 1.20%	AA+	8/27/2031	39,651
Fannie Mae 1.26%	AA+	12/30/2030	40,756
Federal Farm CR 6.25%	AA+	9/5/2034	35,038
Federal Farm CR 1.38%	AA+	1/14/2031	20,316
Federal Farm CR 1.700%	AA+	4/19/2029	43,991
Federal Farm CR 1.390%	AA+	12/29/2026	46,094
Federal Farm CR 3.5%	AA+	4/4/2029	33,482
Federal Farm CR 5.75%	AA+	3/7/2034	30,070
Federal Farm CR 5.12%	AA+	6/1/2033	50,185
Federal Home Loan Bank 2.64%	Aaa	2/7/2035	28,523
Federal Home Loan Bank 1.50%	Aaa	2/25/2031	20,543
Federal Home Loan Bank 2.69%	Aaa	9/26/2034	20,633
Federal Home Loan Bank 1.000%	Aaa	1/10/2025	48,868
Federal Home Loan Bank 1.005%	Aaa	7/21/2026	46,249
Federal Home Loan Bank 5.10%	Aaa	4/9/2031	35,368
Federal Home Loan Bank 5.55%	Aaa	3/8/2028	49,989
Federal Home Loan Mortg 5.65%	AA+	7/26/2028	50,003
U.S Treasury Note 3.0%	AA+	6/30/2024	50,000
Vanguard Fixed Income Inflation Admiral Fund	N/R	-	25,652

\$ 1,052,059

NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (continued)

	June 30, 2024		
Investment	Rating	Maturities	Cost
Certificate of deposit (1)	N/A	2/25/2025	\$ 4,191,169
Certificate of deposit (1)	N/A	12/15/2025	531,117
Certificate of deposit (1)	N/A	3/10/2025	2,128,689
Certificate of deposit (1)	N/A	3/10/2026	530,644
Certificate of deposit (1)	N/A	3/10/2027	1,059,302
Certificate of deposit (1)	N/A	3/10/2028	1,058,640
			\$ 9,499,561

(1) Nonparticipating/nonnegotiable certificate of deposit

Interest Rate Risk

The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

Under Kentucky Revised Statutes Section 66.480, the District is authorized to invest in obligations of the United States and its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States or of its agencies, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, certificates of deposit, commercial paper rated in one of the three highest categories by nationally recognized rating agencies and securities in mutual funds shall be eligible investments pursuant to this section. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The District places no limit on the amount the District may invest in any one issuer. No more than five percent of the District's investments are in any one issuer, excluding nonparticipating/nonnegotiable certificates of deposit and repurchase agreement.

Risks and Uncertainties

The District invests in various investment securities. Investment securities are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, credit and market risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the account balances and the amounts reported in the financial statements.

NOTE 4: INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund balances at June 30, 2024 consist of the following:

	June 30, 2024	
Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	\$ 574,402

The amounts represent interfund loans between the general fund and special revenue fund that are necessary to fulfill the current cash requirements of the special revenue fund.

NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2024 was as follows:

	Capital Cost					
	Beginning		Retirements/	Ending		
June 30, 2024	Balance	Additions	Reclassifications	Balance		
Governmental Activities:						
Capital assets that are not depreciated:						
Land	\$ 2,054,993	\$-	\$-	\$ 2,054,993		
Construction in progress	23,006,599	14,103,550	31,392,078	5,718,071		
Total non-depreciable historical cost	25,061,592	14,103,550	31,392,078	7,773,064		
Capital assets that are depreciated:						
Land improvements	7,603,907	4,437,592	-	12,041,499		
Buildings and improvements	111,383,010	25,693,516	-	137,076,526		
Technology equipment	3,059,419	482,971	478,706	3,063,684		
Vehicles	4,566,791	6,464,731	1,567,510	9,464,012		
General	5,352,746	2,353,370	98,726	7,607,390		
Total depreciable historical cost	131,965,873	39,432,180	2,144,942	169,253,111		
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Land improvements	921,485	380,626	-	1,302,111		
Buildings and improvements	31,895,373	3,012,731	-	34,908,104		
Technology equipment	1,768,953	491,250	472,584	1,787,619		
Vehicles	3,073,018	322,361	1,509,388	1,885,991		
General	1,524,472	274,052	92,553	1,705,971		
Total accumulated depreciation	39,183,301	4,481,020	2,074,525	41,589,796		
Total depreciable historical cost, net	92,782,572	34,951,160	70,417	127,663,315		
Governmental activities, capital assets, net	\$ 117,844,164	\$ 49,054,710	\$ 31,462,495	\$ 135,436,379		

Bowling Green Independent School District Notes to the Financial Statements

NOTE 5: CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

	Capital Cost							
		Beginning			R	etirements/		Ending
June 30, 2024		Balance		Additions	Rec	classifications		Balance
Business-Type Activities:								
Capital assets that are depreciated:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	13,438	\$	236,953	\$	-	\$	250,391
Technology equipment		18,758		-		-		18,758
General		1,500,617		822,853		16,987		2,306,483
Total depreciable historical cost		1,532,813		1,059,806		16,987		2,575,632
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and improvements		265		5,512		-		5,777
Technology equipment		13,691		3,542		-		17,233
General		834,865		153,539		14,654		973,750
Total accumulated depreciation		848,821		162,593		14,654		996,760
Business-type activities,								
capital assets, net	\$	683,992	\$	897,213	\$	2,333	\$	1,578,872

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	2024
Instruction	\$ 2,842,896
Support services:	
Student	251,833
Instructional staff	19,137
District administration	30,249
School administration	7,227
Business	33,467
Facilities operations	1,015,985
Student transportation	275,874
Other	4,352
Total depreciation expense	\$ 4,481,020

NOTE 6: LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The original amount of each issue, the issue date and interest rates are summarized below:

Issue Date	Proceeds	Rates
2010	\$ 510,000	3.65%
2013	11,840,000	2.125% - 3.500%
2014	2,190,000	0.85%-3.70%
2016	2,670,000	2.00%
2016B	7,330,000	3.80% - 4.00%
2018	22,575,000	3.00% - 5.00%
2020	17,700,000	2.00%-4.00%
2021	4,150,000	2.00%
2022	23,170,000	3.50%-5.00%

The District, through the General Fund, including utility taxes and the SEEK Capital Outlay Fund, is obligated to make payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued by the Bowling Green Independent School District Finance Corporation to construct school facilities. The District has an option to purchase the property under lease at any time by retiring the bonds then outstanding.

The District has entered into "participation agreements" with the School Facility Construction Commission (SFCC). The Commission was created by the Kentucky General Assembly for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs. The table below sets forth the amount to be paid by the District and the Commission for each year until maturity of all bond issues. The liability for the total bond amount remains with the District and, as such, the total principal outstanding has been recorded in the financial statements.

The bonds may be called prior to maturity and redemption premiums are specified in each issue. Assuming no bonds are called prior to scheduled maturity, the minimum obligations of the District, including amounts to be paid by the Commission, at June 30, 2024 for debt service (principal and interest) are as follows:

Bowling Green Independent School District Notes to the Financial Statements

	В	owling Gree	n In	dependent	School Facility Construction					
		School	Dis	trict	Commission		on		Total Debt	
Year		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	•	Service
2024—2025	\$	2,963,412	\$	2,516,113	\$	255,588	\$	87 <i>,</i> 892	\$	5,823,005
2025—2026		3,051,628		2,425,580		263,372		80,107		5,820,687
2026—2027		3,104,547		2,331,898		271,453		72,025		5,779,923
2027—2028		3,206,617		2,230,496		280,383		63 <i>,</i> 097		5,780,593
2028—2029		3,308,605		2,127,030		264,395		54 <i>,</i> 675		5,754,705
2029—2030		3,344,814		2,047,412		214,186		47,241		5,653,653
2030—2031		3,453,596		1,936,457		211,404		40,092		5,641,549
2031—2032		3,567,266		1,824,428		192,734		33,343		5,617,771
2032—2033		3,680,476		1,709,621		199,524		26,753		5,616,374
2033—2034		3,824,795		1,565,208		125,205		19,912		5,535,120
2034—2035		3,949,626		1,440,437		120,374		15,538		5,525,975
2035—2036		4,083,713		1,308,867		86,287		11,606		5,490,473
2036—2037		4,220,332		1,173,910		89,668		8,225		5,492,135
2037—2038		4,356,811		1,033,355		93,189		4,706		5,488,061
2038—2039		2,816,577		916,120		73,423		1,630		3,807,750
2039—2040		2,896,877		835,142		8,123		254		3,740,396
2040—2041		2,963,375		761,101		6,625		82		3,731,183
2041-2042		2,980,000		714,100		-		-		3,694,100
2042-2043		3,085,000		609,800		-		-		3,694,800
2043—2044		3,210,000		486,400		-		-		3,696,400
2044—2045		3,340,000		358,000		-		-		3,698,000
2045—2046		2,750,000		224,400		-		-		2,974,400
2046—2047		2,860,000		114,400		-		-		2,974,400
	\$	77,018,067	\$	30,690,275	\$	2,755,933	\$	567,178	\$	111,031,453

NOTE 6: LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Maturities of other debt are as follows for the fiscal years ending:

June 30,	Governmental			
2025	\$	57,493		
2026	Ŧ	58,189		
2027		67,317		
2028		58,189		
2029		65,031		
Total	\$	306,219		

Bowling Green Independent School District Notes to the Financial Statements

NOTE 6: LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Changes in long-term obligations are as follows:

	Dalamaa			Dalama	Amounts Due
	Balance		_	Balance	within One
June 30, 2024	July 1, 2023	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2024	Year
Governmental Activities:					
Bonds and Notes Payable:					
Bonds	\$82,957,000	\$ -	\$ (3,183,000)	\$ 79,774,000	\$ 3,219,000
Less: deferred issuance					
discounts and premiums -					
net	2,016,093	-	(98,652)	1,917,441	
Total bonds and notes payable	84,973,093	-	(3,281,652)	81,691,441	3,219,000
Other Liabilities:					
Other	-	673,301	(367,082)	306,219	57,493
Compensated absences	1,979,914	340,082	(235,529)	2,084,467	592,826
Total other liabilities	1,979,914	1,013,383	(602,611)	2,390,686	650,319
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 86,953,007	\$ 1,013,383	\$ (3,884,263)	\$ 84,082,127	\$ 3,869,319
Business-type/proprietary					
activities					
Other Liabilities:					
Compensated absences	\$ 38,750	\$-	\$ (4,122)	\$ 34,628	\$ 10,198
Total other liabilities	ć <u>20 750</u>	ć	ć (4.122)	¢ 24.629	ć 10.109
	\$ 38,750	\$-	\$ (4,122)	\$ 34,628	\$ 10,198

NOTE 7: FUND BALANCES

The Board follows GASB Statement Number 54. Under this statement, fund balance is separated into five categories, as follows:

Nonspendable fund balances are amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in a spendable form (such as inventories and prepaid amounts) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The District had \$335,187 in nonspendable fund balance at June 30, 2024.

NOTE 7: FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED)

Restricted fund balances arise when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. At June 30, 2024, the District had \$1,338,675 restricted in the special revenue fund (\$286,616 for technology grants and \$1,052,059 for compensated absences), \$8,649,132 as restricted for capital projects in the construction fund, and \$625,495 restricted in the nonmajor funds (\$497,300 for student activity fund and \$128,195 for district activity fund).

Committed fund balances are those amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, which for the District is the Board of Education. The Board of Education must approve by majority vote the establishment (and modification or rescinding) of a fund balance commitment. The District had no commitments at June 30, 2024.

Assigned fund balances are amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The Board of Education allows program supervisors to complete purchase orders which result in the encumbrance of funds. The amount assigned related to encumbrances at June 30, 2024 was \$645,723. The general fund had \$4,000,000 assigned for future projects and \$6,790,000 for minimum fund balance. Assigned fund balances also includes (a) all remaining amounts (except for negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds, other than the general fund, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed and (b) amounts in the general fund that are intended to be used for a specific purpose.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

It is the Board's practice to liquidate funds when conditions have been met releasing these funds from legal, contractual, Board or managerial obligations using restricted funds first, followed by committed funds, assigned funds and then unassigned funds. Encumbrances are not liabilities and, therefore, are not recorded as expenditures until receipt of material or service. Encumbrances remaining open at the end of the fiscal year are automatically rebudgeted in the following fiscal year. Encumbrances are considered a managerial assignment of fund balance at June 30, 2024 in the governmental funds balance sheet.

NOTE 8: PENSION PLANS

Pensions

Bowling Green Independent School District participates in the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (KTRS), a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and the County Employees' Retirement System (CERS), a component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the KTRS and the CERS and additions to/deductions from KTRS's and CERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by KTRS and CERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

General Information About the KTRS Pension Plan

Plan Description

The KTRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Sections 220 through 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). KTRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. KTRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement, health and life insurance benefits for specified employees of local school districts and other public educational agencies in the Commonwealth.

KRS 161.250 provides that the general administration and management of KTRS, and the responsibility for its proper operation, is vested in a board of trustees. The board of trustees consists of the chief state school officer, the State Treasurer, two trustees appointed by the governor, and seven elected trustees. Four of the elected trustees are active teachers, two are not members of the teaching profession, and one is an annuitant of the retirement system.

Any regular or special teacher or professional occupying a position requiring certification or graduation from a four year college or university is eligible to participate in the system. KTRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be found on the KTRS website.

Benefits Provided

KTRS provides retirement, medical, disability, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members. Plan members are divided into the following four categories based on entry date:

For Members Hired Before July 1, 2008:

Members become vested when they complete 5 years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, members must either:

- 1.) Attain age 55 and complete 5 years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Complete 27 years of Kentucky service.

Members receive monthly payments equal to 2% (service prior to July 1, 1983) and 2.5% (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. Members hired on or after July 1, 2002 will receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service is less than 10 years. New members hired after July 1, 2002 who retires with 10 or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service, including the first 10 years. In addition, members who retire July 1, 2004 and later with more than 30 years of service will have a multiplier for all years over 30 of 3%.

The final average salary is the member's 5 highest annual salaries except members at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their 3 highest annual salaries. For all members, the annual allowance is reduced by 5% per year from the earlier of age 60 or the date the member would have completed 27 years of service. The minimum annual service allowance for all members is \$440 multiplied by credited service.

For Members Hired On or After July 1, 2008 and Before January 1, 2022 (TRS 3):

Members become vested when they complete 5 years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, members must either:

- 1.) Attain age 60 and complete 5 years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Complete 27 years of Kentucky service, or
- 3.) Attain age 55 and complete 10 years of Kentucky service.

The annual retirement allowance for members is equal to: (a) 1.7% of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is 10 years or less; (b) 2.0% of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 10 years but no more than 20 years; (c) 2.3% of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 20 years but no more than 20 years; (d) 2.5% of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 26 years; (d) 2.5% of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 26 years but no more than 30 years; (e) 3.0% of final average salary for years of credited service greater than 30 years.

Benefits Provided (continued)

The final average salary is the member's 5 highest annual salaries except members at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their 3 highest annual salaries. For all members, the annual allowance is reduced by 6% per year from the earlier of age 60 or the date the member would have completed 27 years of service.

For Members Hired On or After January 1, 2022 (TRS 4):

To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, members must either:

- 1.) Attain age 57 and complete ten years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Attain age 65 and complete five years of Kentucky service.

Foundational Benefit: The annual foundational benefit for members is equal to service times a multiplier times final average salary. The final average salary is the member's five highest annual salaries. The annual foundational benefit is reduced by 6% per year from the earlier of age 60 or the date the member would have completed 30 years of service.

	Years of Service					
Age	5-9.99	10-19.99	20-29.99	30 or more		
57-60		1.70%	1.95%	2.20%		
61		1.74%	1.99%	2.24%		
62		1.78%	2.03%	2.28%		
63		1.82%	2.07%	2.32%		
64		1.86%	2.11%	2.36%		
65 and over	1.90%	1.90%	2.15%	2.40%		

The multiplier for members is shown in the following table:

Supplemental Benefit: The annual supplemental benefit is equal to the account balance that includes member and employer contributions and interest credited annually on June 30. Options include annuitizing the balance or receiving the balance or a portion thereof as a lump sum either at the time of retirement or at a later date.

For members who began participating prior to January 1, 2022, KTRS also provides disability benefits for vested members at the rate of 60% of the final average salary. TRS 4 members will receive a disability benefit to be determined by the board through administrative regulation.

Benefits Provided (continued)

A life insurance benefit, payable upon the death of a member, is \$2,000 for active contributing members and \$5,000 for retired or disabled members who began participating before January 1, 2022. For TRS 4 members, the life insurance benefit payable upon the death of a member is \$5,000 for active contributing members and \$10,000 for retired or disabled workers.

Cost of living increases are 1.5% annually. Additional ad hoc increases and any other benefit amendments must be authorized by the General Assembly.

Contributions

Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes. For members who began participating before January 1, 2022, KTRS members are required to contribute 12.855% of their salaries to the system. For members employed by local school districts, the State (as a non-employer contributing entity) contributes 13.105% of salary for those who joined before July 1, 2008 and 14.105% for those joined on or after July 1, 2008, and before January 1, 2022. Other participating employers are required to contribute the percentage contributed by members plus an additional 3.25% of members' gross salaries.

For TRS 4 members, members contribute 14.75% of their salaries to the system. Employers of members, including the state (as a non-employer contributing entity), contribute 10.75% of salary.

The member and employer contributions consist of retirement annuity contributions and OPEB contributions to the health and life insurance trusts. The member postemployment health insurance contribution is 3.75% of salary. The employer postemployment health contribution is 0.75% of member salaries. Also, employers (other than the state) contribute 3% of members' salaries and the state contributes the net cost of health insurance premiums for new retirees after June 30, 2010, in the non-Medicare eligible group. If a member leaves covered employment before accumulating five years of credited service, accumulated member contributions to the retirement trust are refunded with interest upon the member's request.

Pension Liabilities and Pension Expense

At June 30, 2024, the amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related Commonwealth of Kentucky (State) support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ -
associated with the District	 100,126,773
Total	\$ 100,126,773

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022 rolled forward to June 30, 2023 using standard update procedures.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension expense of \$13,299,339 and revenue of \$13,299,339 for support provided by the State in the government wide financial statements and pension expense of \$6,022,744 and revenue of \$6,022,744 for support provided by the State in the fund statements.

Actuarial Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial assumptions as of the latest actuarial valuation follows.

Valuation Date	June 30, 2022
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age
Investment rate of return	7.10% net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation
Projected salary increases	3.00 - 7.50%, including inflation
Inflation rate	2.50%
Post-retirement adjustment	1.50%
Municipal bond index rate	3.66%
Single equivalent interest rate	7.10%

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees and active members. The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the 5-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the board on September 20, 2021. The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index.

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by KTRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Large cap U.S. Equity	35.4%	5.00%
Small cap U.S. Equity	2.6%	5.50%
Developed International Equity	15.7%	5.50%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.3%	6.10%
Fixed Income	15.0%	1.90%
High Yield Bonds	5.0%	3.80%
Other Additional Categories	5.0%	3.60%
Real Estate	7.0%	3.20%
Private Equity	7.0%	8.00%
Cash	2.0%	1.60%
Total	100.0%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made in full at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at the Actuarially Determined Contribution rates for all future fiscal years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued KTRS financial report.

General Information About the CERS Pension Plan

Plan Description

CERS was established by KRS 78.520. The District contributes to the Non-Hazardous CERS plan, a costsharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers all regular full-time members employed in positions of each participating county, city, and school board, and any additional eligible local agencies electing to participate in CERS. CERS was established to provide retirement, disability, and death benefits to system members.

The responsibility of the general administration and operation of the CERS plan is vested in the CERS board of trustees. The CERS board of trustees consists of nine members. Six trustees are appointed by the governor and three are elected by CERS members (active, inactive, and/or retired). CERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.kyret.ky.gov.

Benefits Provided

CERS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Retirement benefits may be extended to beneficiaries of plan members under certain circumstances. Prior to July 1, 2009, Cost of Living Adjustments (COLAs) were provided to retirees annually equal to the percentage increase in the annual average of the consumer price index for all urban consumers for the most recent calendar year, not to exceed 5% in any plan year. After July 1, 2009, the COLAs were limited to 1.50%. In 2013, the General Assembly created a new law to govern how COLAs will be granted. The language included stated COLAs will only be granted in the future if the System's Boards determine that asset of the Systems are greater than 100% of the actuarial liabilities and legislation authorizes the use of surplus funds for the COLA; or the General Assembly fully prefunds the COLA or directs the payment of funds in the year the COLA is provided. No COLA has been granted since July 1, 2011.

- Tier 1 Non-Hazardous Tier 1 plan members who began participating prior to September 1, 2008, are required to contribute 5% of their annual creditable compensation. These members are classified in the Tier 1 structure of benefits. Interest is paid each June 30 on members' accounts at a rate of 2.5%. If a member terminates employment and applies to take a refund, the member is entitled to a full refund of contributions and interest.
- Tier 2 Non-Hazardous Tier 2 plan members, who began participating on, or after, September 1, 2008, and before January 1, 2014, are required to contribute 6% of their annual creditable compensation, while 1% of these contributions are deposited in an account created for the payment of health insurance benefits under 26 USC Section 401(h) in the Insurance Fund (see Kentucky Administrative Regulation 105 KAR 1:420). These members are classified in the Tier 2 structure of benefits. Interest is paid each June 30 on members' accounts at a rate of 2.5%. If a member terminates employment and applies to take a refund, the member is

Benefits Provided (continued)

entitled to a full refund of contributions and interest; however, the 1% Health Insurance contribution (HIC) to the 401(h) account is non-refundable and is forfeited.

Tier 3 - Non-Hazardous Tier 3 plan members who began participating on, or after, January 1, 2014, are required to contribute to the Cash Balance Plan. The Cash Balance Plan is known as a hybrid plan because it has characteristics of both a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Members contribute 5% of their monthly creditable compensation, which is deposited into their account, and an additional 1% which is deposited to an account created for payment of health insurance benefits under 26 USC Section 401(h) in the Insurance Fund (see 105 KAR1:420), which is not refundable. Tier 3 member accounts are also credited with an employer pay credit in the amount of 4% of the member's monthly creditable compensation. The employer pay credit amount is deducted from the total employer contribution rate paid on the member's monthly creditable compensation. If a vested (60 months of service) member terminates employment and applies to take a refund, the member is entitled to the members contributions (less HIC) plus employer pay credit plus interest (for both employee contributions and employer pay).

If a non-vested (less than 60 months) member terminates employment and applies to take a refund, the member is entitled to receive employee contributions (less HIC) plus interest (on employee contributions only).

Contributions

Employers participating in the CERS are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate per KRS 78.635. The CERS board of trustees establishes the employer contribution rate based on KRS 78.454(33). The KERS Non-Hazardous employer contribution rate shall include, (1) the normal cost contribution and (2) the prorated amount of the actuarially accrued liability assigned to each individual nonhazardous employer in accordance with KRS 61.565(1)(d). The normal contribution and past service contribution rates shall be determined by the KRS Board on the basis of the last annual valuation preceding July 1 of a new biennium. The KRS Board may amend contribution rates as of the first day of July of the second year of a biennium, if it is determined on the basis of a subsequent actuarial valuation that amended contribution rates are necessary to satisfy requirements determined in accordance with actuarial bases adopted by the KRS Board. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, participating employers contributed a percentage of each employee's creditable compensation. The actuarially determined rate set by the Boards for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 was 23.34%.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$16,901,725 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022 rolled forward to June 30, 2023 using standard update procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of 2023 contributions to the pension plan relative to the 2023 contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.263410%.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,232,146. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 red Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 874,970	\$	45,927		
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments	1,825,865		2,056,414		
Change of assumptions	-		1,549,055		
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contribution	1,085,471		431,649		
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 1,988,492				
Total	\$ 5,774,798	\$	4,083,045		

\$1,988,492 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions *(continued)*

Year ended June 30,	
2025	\$ (371,269)
2026	(139 <i>,</i> 159)
2027	377,315
2028	(163,626)
Thereafter	-

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability, net pension liability, and sensitivity information as of June 30, 2023 were based on an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2022. The total pension liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date (June 30, 2022) to the plan's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023, using generally accepted actuarial principles.

There have been no changes in actuarial assumptions since June 30, 2022. The actuarial assumptions are:

Inflation	2.50%
Payroll Growth Rate	2.00%
Salary Increases	3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service
Investment Rate of Return	6.50%

The mortality table used for active members was a Pub-2010 General Mortality table, for the Non-Hazardous System, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010. The mortality table used for healthy retired members was a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2022, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2020 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2023. The mortality table used for the disabled members was PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with rates multiplied by 150% for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2020 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2023.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rate of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table below.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return (continued)

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Equity		
Public Equity	50.00%	5.90%
Private Equity	10.00%	11.73%
Fixed Income		
Core Fixed Income	10.00%	2.45%
Specialty Credit	10.00%	3.65%
Cash	0.00%	1.39%
Inflation Protected		
Real Estate	7.00%	4.99%
Real Return	13.00%	5.15%
Expected Real Return	100.0%	5.75%
Long Term Inflation Assumption		2.50%
Expected Nominal Return for Port	folio	8.25%

Discount Rate

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate of 6.50% for CERS Non-hazardous assumes that the funds receive the required employer contributions each future year, as determined by the current funding policy established in Statute as last amended by House Bill 362 (passed in 2018) over the remaining 28 years (closed) amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The discount rate determination does not use a municipal bond rate. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR).

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.50%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate *(continued)*

				Current			
	1% Decrease (5.50%)		Di	Discount Rate (6.50%)		1% Increase (7.50%)	
District's proportionate share of							
the net pension liability	\$	21,339,449	\$	16,901,725	\$	13,213,810	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERS financial report.

Deferred Compensation Plans

The District offers its employees to defer compensation in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Sections 457, 401(k) and 403(b). The Plans, available to all employees, permit them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. This deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. Entities with little or no administrative involvement who do not perform the investing function for these plans to omit plan assets and related liabilities from their financial statements. The District, therefore, does not show these assets and liabilities in the financial statements.

NOTE 9: POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHAN THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

General Information about the KTRS OPEB Plan

Plan Description

District employees, in positions requiring a four-year degree are provided OPEBs through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement, health and life insurance benefits for specified employees of local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by KRS Chapter 161 Sections 220 through 990. TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained on the TRS website.

NOTE 9: POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHAN THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

Plan Description (continued)

KRS 161.250 provides that the general administration and management of TRS, and the responsibility for its proper operation, is vested in a board of trustees. The Board of Trustees consists of the chief state school officer, the state treasurer, two trustees appointed by the governor and seven elected trustees. Four of the elected trustees are active teachers, two are not members of the teaching profession, and one is an annuitant of the system.

The state reports a liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense as a result of its statutory requirement to contribute to the TRS Health Insurance Trust and Life Insurance Plans. The following information is about the TRS plans:

Health Insurance Trust

Plan Description

In addition to the OPEB benefits described above, KRS 161.675 requires TRS to provide postemployment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The TRS Health Insurance Trust is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation, funded by employer and member contributions. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

Benefits Provided

To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability and a required amount of service credit. The TRS medical plan offers members who are not eligible for Medicare and under age 65 coverage through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan (KEHP) administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and or are eligible for Medicare, coverage is obtained through the Medicare Eligible Health Plan (MEHP) administered by TRS.

Contributions

The member and employer contributions consist of retirement annuity contributions and OPEB contributions to the health insurance and life insurance trusts. The member postemployment medical contribution is 3.75% of salary. The employer postemployment health insurance contribution is 0.75% of member salaries. Also, employers (other than the state) contribute 3% of members' salaries and the state contributes the net cost of health insurance premiums for new retirees after June 30, 2010, in the non-Medicare eligible group. If a member leaves covered employment before accumulating five years of credited service, accumulated member contributions to the retirement trust are refunded with interest upon the member's request.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$7,531,000 for its proportionate share of collective net OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for state OPEB support provided to the District. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.309218%.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related state support and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 7,531,000
associated with the District	6,348,000
Total	\$ 13,879,000

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized total OPEB expense of (\$66,000), which included \$53,000 related to changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	2,553,000	
Changes of assumptions		1,712,000		-	
Net diference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		141,000		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		2,688,000		3,258,000	
District contributions subsequent to measurement date		605,741	,	-	
Total	\$	5,146,741	\$	5,811,000	

OPEB Liabilities, **OPEB** Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (continued)

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related of OPEB, \$605,741 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

Actuarial Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial assumptions as of the latest actuarial valuation follows.

Valuation Date	June 30, 2022
Investment Rate of Return	7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment
	expense, including inflation
Projected Salary Increases	3.00% - 7.50%, including wage inflation
Inflation Rate	2.50%
Real Wage Growth	0.25%
Wage Inflation	2.75%
Municipal Bond Index Rate	3.66%
Discount Rate	7.10%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment
2 .	expense, including price inflation
Healthcare Cost Trends:	
Medical trend	6.75% for FYE 2023 decreasing to an
	ultimate rate of 4.50% by FYE 2032
Medicare Part B Premiums	1.55% for FYE 2023 with an ultimate rate
	of 4.50% by 2034

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards, set-backs and adjustments for each of the groups; service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees and active members.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement disability, incidence, withdrawal, rates of plan participation, and rates of plan election used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study for the system, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the board on September 20, 2021. The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends) used in the June 30, 2022 valuation of the Health Trust were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2022 valuation. The health care cost trend rate assumption was updated for the June 30, 2022 valuation and was shown as an assumption change in the Total OPEB Liability (TOL) roll-forward while the change in initial per capita claims costs were included with the experience in the TOL roll-forward. The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index published weekly by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
U.S. Large cap Equity	35.4%	5.00%
U.S. Small cap Equity	2.6%	5.50%
Developed International Equity	15.0%	5.50%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.0%	6.10%
Fixed Income	9.0%	1.90%
High Yield Bonds	8.0%	3.80%
Other Additional Categories	9.0%	3.70%
Real Estate	6.5%	3.20%
Private Equity	8.5%	8.00%
Cash	1.0%	1.60%
Total	100.0%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be depleted. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the collective net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower 6.10%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10%) than the current discount rate:

	19	% Decrease (6.10%)	Current Discount Rate (7.10%)		1% Increase (8.10%)	
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$	9,687,000	\$	7,531,000	\$	5,750,000

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the collective net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trends Rates

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease Current Trend Rate		1% Decrease Curren		1% Increase	
District's proportionate share of the						
collective net OPEB liability	\$	5,422,000	\$	7,531,000	\$	10,158,000

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

Life Insurance Trust

Plan Description

TRS administers the Life Insurance Trust as provided by KRS 161.655 to provide life insurance benefits to retired and active members. The TRS Life Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the life insurance plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees and the General Assembly.

Benefits Provided

TRS provides a life insurance benefit of \$5,000 for members who are retired for service or disability and \$2,000 for active contributing members who began participating before January 1, 2022. For TRS 4 members, the life insurance benefit payable upon the death of a member is \$5,000 for active contributing members and \$10,000 for retired or disabled members.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2024, the District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for life insurance benefits because the state of Kentucky provides the OPEB support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related Commonwealth of Kentucky (state) support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

\$ -
 157,000
\$ 157,000
\$ \$

Actuarial Assumptions

A summary of the actuarial assumptions as of the latest actuarial valuation is shown below.

Valuation Date	June 30, 2022
Investment Rate of Return	7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment
	expense, including inflation
Projected Salary Increases	3.00% - 7.50%, including wage inflation
Inflation Rate	2.50%
Real Wage Growth	0.25%
Wage Inflation	2.75%
Municipal Bond Index Rate	3.66%
Discount Rate	7.10%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	7.10%, net of OPEB plan investment
	expense, including price inflation

Mortality rates were based on the Pub2010 (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) Mortality Table projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set-forwards set-backs and adjustments for each of the groups: service, retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees and active members. The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, rates of plan participation, and rates of plan election used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results for the most recent actuarial experience study for the system, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2020, adopted by the board on September 20, 2021. The Municipal Bond Index Rate used for this purpose is the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index published weekly by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	40.00%	5.20%
International Equity	15.00%	5.50%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.00%	6.10%
Fixed Income	21.00%	1.90%
Real Estate	7.00%	3.20%
Private Equity	5.00%	8.00%
Additional Categories	5.00%	4.00%
Cash	2.00%	1.60%
Total	100.00%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability for life insurance was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the employer contributions will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be depleted. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

NOTE 9: POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

General Information about the County Employees Retirement System's (CERS) OPEB Plan

Plan Description

The District's employees are provided OPEB under the provisions of Kentucky Revised Statues, the Kentucky Retirement Systems (KRS) board administers the KRS Insurance Fund. The KRS Insurance Fund is a cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit OPEB plan which provides group health insurance benefits for plan members that are all regular full-time members employed in non-hazardous duty positions of the District. OPEB may be extended to beneficiaries of the plan members under certain circumstances. The CERS Insurance Fund is included in a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <u>www.kyret.ky.gov</u>.

Benefits Provided

The Insurance Fund was established to provide hospital and medical insurance for eligible members receiving benefits from CERS. The eligible non-Medicare retirees are covered by the Department of Employee Insurance (DEI) plans. Premium payments are submitted to DEI and Humana. The Kentucky Public Pension Authority (KPPA) board contracts with Humana to provide health care benefits to the eligible Medicare retirees through a Medicare Advantage Plan. The Insurance Fund pays a prescribed contribution for whole or partial payment of required premiums to purchase hospital and medical insurance.

Contributions

Employers participating in the KRS Insurance Fund contribute a percentage of each employee's creditable compensation. The actuarially determined rates set by the KRS board is a percentage of each employee's creditable compensation. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the required contribution was 0.00% of each employee's covered payroll. Contributions from the District to the KRS Insurance Fund for the year ended June 30, 2024, were \$0. The KRS board may amend contribution rates as of the first day of July of the second year of a biennium, if it is determined on the basis of a subsequent actuarial valuation that amended contribution rates are necessary to satisfy requirements determined in accordance with actuarial bases adopted by the KRS board. Employees qualifying as Tier 2 or Tier 3 of the CERS plan members contribute 1% of creditable compensation to an account created for the payment of health insurance benefits.

Implicit Subsidy

The fully-insured premiums paid for the Kentucky Employees' Health Plan are blended rates based on the combined experience of active and retired members. Because the average cost of providing health care benefits to retirees under age 65 is higher than the average cost of providing health care benefits to active employees, there is an implicit employer subsidy for the non-Medicare eligible retirees. GASB No. 75 requires that the liability associated with this implicit subsidy is included in the calculation of the total OPEB liability.

NOTE 9: POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHAN THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2024, the District reported an asset of \$(363,586) for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022 rolled forward to June 30, 2023 using standard update procedures. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's share of 2023 contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the 2023 contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.263341%.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$(684,996).

At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	253,475	\$	5,162,561
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on OPEB plan investments		680,437		764,819
Change of assumptions		715,512		498,640
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contribution		424,519		254,687
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		-		
Total	\$	2,073,943	\$	6,680,707

For the year ended June 30, 2024, \$0 was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30,	
2025	\$ (1,151,932)
2026	(1,438,721)
2027	(1,105,934)
2028	(910,177)
Therafter	-

NOTE 9: POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability, net OPEB liability, and sensitivity information as of June 30, 2023 were based on an actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2022. The total OPEB liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date (June 30, 2022) to the plan's fiscal year ending June 30, 2023, using generally accepted actuarial principles. The following actuarial assumptions were used in performing the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023:

Inflation Payroll Growth Rate Salary Increase Investment Rate of Return	2.50% 2.00% 3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service for CERS non-hazardous 6.50%
Healthcare Trend Rates (Pre-65)	Initial trend starting at 6.80% at January 1, 2025, and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years.
Healthcare Trend Rates (Post-65)	Initial trend starting at 8.50% in 2025, then gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 13 years.
Mortality (Pre-retirement)	PUB-2010 General Mortality table, for the Non-hazardous Systems, and the PUB-2010 Public Safety Mortality table for the Hazardous Systems, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2020 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.
Mortality (Post-retirement; non- disabled)	System-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2022, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2020 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2023.
Mortality (Post-retirement; disabled)	PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality table, with rates multiplied by 150% for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2020 mortality improvement scale using a base year of 2010.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term (10-year) expected rates of return was determined by using a building-block method in which best-estimated ranges of expected future real rate of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rate of return for each major asset class are summarized in the tables below.

		Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Equity		
Public Equity	50.00%	5.90%
Private Equity	10.00%	11.73%
Fixed Income		
Core Fixed Income	10.00%	2.45%
Specialty Credit	10.00%	3.65%
Cash	0.00%	1.39%
Inflation Protected		
Real Estate	7.00%	4.99%
Real Return	13.00%	5.15%
Expected Real Return	100.0%	5.75%
Long Term Inflation Assump	tion	2.50%
Expected Nominal Return fo	or Portfolio	8.25%

Discount Rate

Single discount rates of 5.93% for the non-hazardous system were used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2023. The single discount rates are based on the expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.50% and a municipal bond rate of 3.86%, as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 30, 2023. Based on the stated assumptions and the projection of cash flows as of each fiscal year ending, the plan's fiduciary net position and future contributions were projected to be sufficient to finance the future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on insurance plan investments was applied to all periods of the projected benefit payments paid from the retirement system. However, the cost associated with the implicit employer subsidy is not currently being included in the calculation of the Plan's actuarial determined contributions, and it is our understanding that any cost associated with the implicit subsidy will not be paid out of the Plan's trust. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the ACFR.

Discount Rate (Continued)

The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate must include an assumption regarding actual employer contributions made each future year. Future contributions are projected assuming that the entire actuarially determined employer contribution is received by each plan each future year, calculated in accordance with the current funding policy.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the collective net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2024, calculated using the discount rate of 5.93%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.93%) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.93%) than the current rate:

	Current				
	-	Decrease (4.93%)		count Rate (5.93%)	1% Increase (6.93%)
District's proportionate share of the					
collective net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	682,312	\$	(363 <i>,</i> 586)	\$ (1,239,398)

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the collective net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	Current Healthcare				
	1% Decrease		Rate	1%	6 Increase
District's proportionate share of the					
collective net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ (1,165,357)	\$	(363,586)	\$	621,314

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CERS financial report.

NOTE 10: CONTINGENCIES

The District receives funding from federal, state and local government agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if the grantor's review indicates that the funds have not been used for the intended purpose, the grantors may request a refund of monies advanced or refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and unreimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantors' satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue their programs.

NOTE 11: RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various forms of loss of assets associated with the risks related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; fire, personal liability, vehicular accidents; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; fiduciary responsibility; and natural disasters. Each of these risk areas are covered through the purchase of commercial insurance. The District has purchased certain policies which are retrospectively rated which include workers' compensation insurance.

The District purchases unemployment insurance through the Kentucky School Boards Insurance Trust Unemployment Compensation Fund; however, risk has not been transferred to such fund. In addition, the District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 12: LITIGATIONS

The District is subject to various other legal actions in various stages of litigation, the outcome of which is not determinable at this time. Management of the District and its legal counsel do not anticipate that there will be any material effect on the combined financial statements as a result of the cases presently in progress.

NOTE 13: EXCESS EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

The District has one fund with a deficit net position, Food Service (\$282,541). Also, the following funds had excess current year expenditures over current year appropriated revenues:

Amount
35,771 12,189,172

NOTE 14: FUND TRANSFERS

Туре	From Fund	To Fund	Purpose		Amount	
Oneration	Cananal	Constant and an and a second		Å	01 022	
Operating	General	Special revenue	Matching	\$	81,823	
Operating	General	Special revenue	Expenditures		202,675	
Operating	Special revenue	General	Indirect Costs		3,758	
Operating	FSPK	Debt service	Debt service		5,480,429	
Operating	FSPK	Construction	Construction		794,679	
Operating	SEEK	Construction	Construction		411,676	
Operating	Student activity funds	District activity funds	Expenditures		121,635	
Operating	Food Service	General	Indirect Costs		280,000	
Operating	Special revenue	General	Expenditures		26,494	
Operating	General	Construction	Expenditures		156,563	

Fund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2024 consist of the following:

NOTE 15: ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

The District receives on-behalf payments from the State of Kentucky for items including pension, technology, health care costs, operating costs and debt service. The amount received for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 was \$12,855,149. These payments were recorded as follows:

Year Ended June 30, 2024					
Fund		Amount			
General fund	\$	12,050,968			
Debt service fund		403,105			
Food service fund		401,076			
Total	\$	12,855,149			

Year Ended June 30, 2024	
Technology	\$ 111,701
Health Insurance less Federal Reimbursements	5,516,334
Life Insurance	7,573
Administrative Fees	60,496
HRA/Dental/Vision Insurance	223,738
SFCC Debt Service	403,105
KTRS	6,532,202
Total	\$ 12,855,149

Bowling Green Independent School District Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund

		Budgeted A	nounts		Variance with
Year Ended June 30, 2024		Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Revenues					
Local and intermediate sources	\$	16,660,819 \$	16,761,106	\$ 17,179,354	\$ 418,248
State programs	Ŧ	30,219,821	29,882,826	31,386,947	1,504,121
Federal programs		175,000	175,000	393,306	218,306
Total revenues		47,055,640	46,818,932	48,959,607	2,140,675
Expenditures					
Current:					
Instruction		26,784,700	26,595,292	26,676,458	(81,166)
Support services:					
Student		2,414,953	2,542,239	2,684,916	(142,677)
Instructional staff		2,749,997	2,910,302	3,207,229	(296,927)
District administration		1,835,721	1,556,263	2,038,920	(482,657)
School administration		2,562,077	2,494,158	2,618,412	(124,254)
Business		1,265,860	1,482,939	1,415,482	67,457
Plant operations and maintenance		6,457,884	6,703,970	6,921,173	(217,203)
Student transportation		1,737,955	1,563,574	2,440,517	(876,943)
Other		14,456,555	14,223,972	63,314	14,160,658
Building improvement		-	-	6,649	(6,649)
Total expenditures		60,265,702	60,072,709	48,073,070	11,999,639
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(13,210,062)	(13,253,777)	886,537	14,140,314

Bowling Green Independent School District Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund

	Budgeted	Am	ounts		Variance with
Year Ended June 30, 2024	 Original		Final	Actual	Final Budget
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Operating transfers - net	280,000		311,556	(130,809)	(442,365)
Total other financing sources (uses)	280,000		311,556	(130,809)	(442,365)
Net change in fund balance	(12,930,062)		(12,942,221)	755,728	13,697,949
Fund balance - beginning of year	12,930,062		12,930,062	12,286,299	(643,763)
Fund balance - end of year	\$ -	\$	(12,159) \$	13,042,027	\$ 13,054,186

Bowling Green Independent School District Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the Special Revenue Fund

	Budg	ted Am	ounts				Variance with
Year Ended June 30, 2024	Original		Final	-	Actual	Fi	inal Budget
Revenues							
Local and intermediate sources	\$	- \$	43,483	Ś	103,107	Ś	59,624
State programs	2,195,1	-	2,351,680	Ŧ	6,012,189	Ŧ	3,660,509
Federal programs	4,063,1		5,215,485		11,759,173		6,543,688
Total revenues	6,258,3	00	7,610,648		17,874,469		10,263,821
Expenditures							
Current:							
Instruction	4,813,7	22	6,053,862		8,718,113		(2,664,251)
Support services:							
Student	516,3	31	516,767		1,422,633		(905,866)
Instructional staff	392,2	60	385,529		972,863		(587,334)
District administration		-	-		37,172		(37,172)
School administration		-	-		121,018		(121,018)
Business	54,0	80	19,791		33,660		(13,869)
Plant operations and maintenance		-	27,867		588,270		(560,403)
Student transportation	37,7	56	-		5,255,962		(5,255,962)
Other	444,1	51	492,122		1,014,795		(522,673)
Total expenditures	6,258,3	00	7,495,938		18,164,486		(10,668,548)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		-	114,710		(290,017)		(404,727)

Bowling Green Independent School District Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the Special Revenue Fund

	Bu	dgeted Am	ounts		Variance with
Year Ended June 30, 2024	Origina	<u> </u>	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Operating transfers - net		-	(34,163)	254,246	288,409
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	(34,163)	254,246	288,409
Net change in fund balance		-	80,547	(35,771)	(116,318)
Fund balance - beginning of year		-	-	1,374,446	1,374,446
Fund balance - end of year	\$	- \$	80,547 \$	1,338,675	\$ 1,258,128

Bowling Green Independent School District Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Schedule of District's Contributions Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System

		Schedule of	he District's Propr	otionate Share of	the Net Pension Li	ability - KTRS				
As of June 30,	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability District's proportionate share of the net pension	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
liability	Ş -	ş - ş	- \$	- \$	- \$	- Ş	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	\$ 100,126,773	\$ 103,612,616 \$	79,963,411 \$	85,674,089 \$	82,430,429 \$	77,192,883 \$	158,791,831 \$	175,088,745 \$	133,993,190 \$	113,440,258
District's covered payroll	\$ 22,762,540	\$ 21,124,108 \$	20,346,823 \$	20,097,243 \$	19,565,902 \$	18,978,684 \$	18,909,873 \$	18,978,047 \$	17,974,584 \$	16,374,918
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	57.68%	56.41%	65.59%	58.27%	58.80%	59.30%	39.83%	35.22%	42.49%	45.59%

			Schedule of	District's Contri	ibutio	n - KTRS					
For the Years Ended June 30,	2024	2023	2022	2021		2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$ -	-	\$	- \$ -	-				
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	-	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
District's covered payroll	\$ 24,446,009 \$	22,762,540 \$	21,124,108 \$	20,346,823	\$ 2	20,097,243 \$	19,565,902 \$	18,978,684 \$	18,909,873 \$	18,978,047 \$	17,974,584
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%		0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%

Bowling Green Independent School District Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Schedule of District's Contributions Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System

Changes of Benefit Terms

2022: A new benefit tier was added for members joining the system on and after January 1, 2022.

Changes of Assumptions

2023: No changes in assumptions.

2022: No changes in assumptions.

2021: In the 2020 experience study, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality, and rates of salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely. The expectation of mortality was changed to the Pub2010 Mortality Tables (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and actives. The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 7.50% to 7.10% and the price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.00% to 2.50%. In addition, the calculation of the SEIR results in an assumption change from 7.50% to 7.10%.

2020: No changes in assumptions.

2019: No changes in assumptions.

2018: The calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.49% to 7.50%.

2017: The calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.20% to 4.49%.

2016: In the 2016 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In the 2016 valuation, the Assumed Salary Scale, Price Inflation, and Wage Inflation were adjusted to reflect a decrease. In addition, the calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 4.88% to 4.20%.

2015: The calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 5.23% to 4.88%.

2014: The calculation of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR) resulted in an assumption change from 5.16% to 5.23%.

Bowling Green Independent School District Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Schedule of District's Contributions County Employees' Retirement System

	Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - CERS																	
As of June 30,		2024	2023		2022	2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.263410%	0.239389%		0.259676%	0.254255%		0.254176%		0.250418%		0.255967%		0.254709%		0.241265%		0.234929%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	16,901,725 \$	17,305,463	\$	16,556,382 \$	19,501,148	\$	17,876,311	\$	15,251,219	\$	14,982,535	\$	12,540,919	\$	10,373,261	\$	7,622,000
District's covered payroll	\$	7,606,132 \$	6,929,084	\$	6,691,347 \$	6,565,482	\$	6,578,631	\$	6,303,584	\$	6,405,110	\$	6,130,645	\$	5,720,275	\$	5,394,299
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		222.21%	249.75%		247.43%	297.03%		271.73%		241.95%		233.92%		204.56%		181.34%		141.30%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		57.48%	52.42%		57.33%	47.81%		50.45%		53.54%		53.30%		55.50%		59.97%		66.80%

	Schedule of District's Contribution - CERS														
For the Years Ended June 30,		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015				
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required	\$	1,988,492 \$	1,779,835 \$	1,466,887 \$	1,291,430 \$	1,267,138 \$	1,067,054 \$	912,759 \$	893,513 \$	761,426 \$	729,335				
contribution		(1,988,492)	(1,779,835)	(1,466,887)	(1,291,430)	(1,267,138)	(1,067,054)	(912,759)	(893,513)	(761,426)	(729,335)				
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	- \$	- \$	-	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-				
District's covered payroll	\$	8,519,674 \$	7,606,132 \$	6,929,084 \$	6,691,347 \$	6,565,482 \$	6,578,631 \$	6,303,584 \$	6,405,110 \$	6,130,645 \$	5,720,275				
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		23.34%	23.40%	21.17%	19.30%	19.30%	16.22%	14.48%	13.95%	12.42%	12.75%				

Bowling Green Independent School District Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Schedule of District's Contributions County Employees' Retirement System

Changes of Benefit Terms

The following changes were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30 listed below:

2023: No changes in benefit terms.

2022: No changes in benefit terms.

2021: No changes in benefit terms.

2020: No changes in benefit terms.

- 2019: No changes in benefit terms.
- 2018: No changes in benefit terms.
- 2017: No changes in benefit terms.
- 2016: No changes in benefit terms.
- 2015: No changes in benefit terms.

Changes of Assumptions

The following changes were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30 listed below:

2023: During the 2023 legislative session, House Bill 506 was enacted which reinstated the Partial Lump-Sum Optional Form of payment for members who retire on and after January 1, 2024, as well as adjusted the minimum required separation period before a retiree may become reemployed. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2023 was determined with these updates in mind, however it is estimated these updates will not have a significant impact on the total pension liability of the plans.

2022: No changes in assumptions.

2021: During the 2021 legislative session, Senate Bill 169 was enacted which increased disability benefits for certain qualifying members who become "totally and permanently disabled" in the line of duty or as a result of a duty-related disability. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2021 is determined using these updated benefit provisions.

2020: During the 2020 legislative session, Senate Bill 249 was enacted which changed the funding period for the amortization of the unfunded liability to 30 years as of June 30, 2019. Gains and losses incurring in future years will be amortized over separate 20-year amortization bases. This change does not impact the calculation of Total Pension Liability and only impacts the calculation of the

Bowling Green Independent School District Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Schedule of District's Contributions County Employees' Retirement System

contribution rates that would be payable starting July 1, 2020. Additionally, House Bill 271 was enacted which removed provisions that reduce the monthly payment to a surviving spouse of a member whose death was due to a duty-related injury upon remarriage of the spouse. It also increased benefits for a very small number of beneficiaries. This did not have a material (or measurable) impact on the liability of the plans and therefore, no adjustment was made to the Total Pension Liability to reflect this legislation.

2019: There have been no changes in plan provisions since June 30, 2018. However, the Board of Trustees has adopted new actuarial assumptions since June 30, 2018. These assumptions are documented in the report titled "Kentucky Retirement Systems 2018 Actuarial Experience Study for the Period Ending June 30, 2018". The Total Pension liability as of June 30, 2019 is determined using these updated assumptions.

2018: During the 2018 legislative session, House Bill 185 was enacted, which updated the benefit provisions for active members who die in the line of duty. Benefits paid to the spouses of deceased members have been increased from 25% of the member's final rate of pay to 75% of the member's average pay. If the member does not have a surviving spouse, benefits paid to surviving dependent children have been increased from 10% of the member's final pay rate to 50% of average pay for one child, 65% of average pay for two children, or 75% of average pay for three children. The Total Pension Liability as of June 30, 2018 is determined using these updated benefit provisions.

2017: There was no legislation enacted during the 2017 legislative session that had a material change in benefit provisions for CERS. However, subsequent to the actual valuation date (June 30, 2016), but prior to the measurement date (June 30, 2017), the KRS Board of Trustees adopted updated actuarial assumptions which will be used in performing the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. Specifically, the Total Pension Liability as of June 30, 2017 is determined using a 2.30% price inflation assumption for the non-hazardous system and the assumed rate of return is 6.25% for the non-hazardous system.

2016: There was no legislation enacted during the 2017 legislative session that had a material change in benefit provisions for CERS. However, subsequent to the actual valuation date (June 30, 2016), but prior to the measurement date (June 30, 2017), the KRS Board of Trustees adopted updated actuarial assumptions which will be used in performing the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. Specifically, the Total Pension Liability as of June 30, 2017 is determined using a 2.30% price inflation assumption for the non-hazardous system and the assumed rate of return is 6.25% for the non-hazardous system.

2015: No changes in assumptions.

Bowling Green Independent School District Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability and Schedule of District's Contributions Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System – Medical Insurance Fund

Schedule of th	ne Dis	trict's Proportiona	te share of the Co	llective Net OPEB	Liability - KTRS			
As of June 30,		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability		0.309218%	0.441450%	0.327354%	0.323952%	0.322099%	0.304048%	0.311170%
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$	7,531,000 \$	10,959,000 \$	7,024,000 \$	8,176,000 \$	9,427,000 \$	10,550,000 \$	11,096,000
District's covered payroll	\$	22,762,540 \$	21,124,108 \$	20,346,823 \$	20,097,243 \$	19,565,902 \$	18,978,684 \$	18,909,873
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		33.09%	51.88%	34.52%	40.68%	48.18%	55.59%	58.68%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OEPB liability		52.97%	47.75%	51.74%	39.05%	32.58%	25.50%	21.18%

Schedule of the District's Contributions - KTRS													
For the years ended June 30,		2024		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019	2018
Contractually required contribution	\$	605,741	\$	538,038	\$	556,247	\$	586,988 \$	5	584,037	\$	535,215 \$	513,840
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		605,741		538,038		556,247		586,988		584,037		535,215	513,840
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	5	-	\$	- \$	-
District's covered payroll	\$	24,446,009	\$	22,762,540	\$	21,124,108	\$	20,346,823 \$	5 2	20,097,243	\$	19,565,902 \$	18,978,684
Contributions as percentage of covered payroll		2.48%		2.36%		2.63%		2.88%		2.91%		2.74%	2.71%

Bowling Green Independent School District Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability and Schedule of District's Contributions Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System – Medical Insurance Fund

Changes of Benefit Terms

2023: No changes of benefit terms.

2022: A new benefit tier was added for members joining the System on and after January 1, 2022.

2021: No changes of benefit terms.

2020: No changes of benefit terms.

2019: No changes of benefit terms.

2018: No changes of benefit terms.

2017: With the passage of House Bill 471, the eligibility for non-single subsidies (NSS) for the KEHPparticipating members who retired prior to July 1, 2010 is restored, but the State will only finance, via its KEHP "shared responsibility" contributions, the costs of the NSS related to those KEHPparticipating members who retired on or after July 1, 2010.

Changes of Assumptions

2022: The health care trend rates were updated to reflect future anticipated experience.

In the 2020 experience study, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality, and rates of salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely. The expectation of mortality was changed to the Pub2010 Mortality Tables (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and actives. The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 8.00% for the Health Trust and 7.50% for the Life Trust to 7.10%. The price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.00% to 2.50%. The rates of member participation and spousal participation were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely.

Bowling Green Independent School District Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability and Schedule of District's Contributions Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System – Life Insurance Fund

As of June 30,	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability	0.000000%	0.000000%	0.000000%	0.000000%	0.000000%	0.000000%	0.000000%
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
District's covered payroll	\$ 22,762,540 \$	21,124,108 \$	20,346,823 \$	20,097,243 \$	19,565,902 \$	18,978,684 \$	18,909,873
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OEPB liability	76.91%	73.97%	89.15%	71.57%	73.40%	75.00%	79.99%
	Schedule of the	District's Contribut	ions - KTRS				
For the years ended June 30,	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ - \$ -	- \$ -	- \$ -	- \$ -	- \$ -	- \$ -	-

Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ - \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
District's covered payroll	\$ 24,446,009 \$	22,762,540 \$	21,124,108 \$	20,346,823 \$	20,097,243 \$	19,565,902 \$	18,978,684
Contributions as percentage of covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Bowling Green Independent School District Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability and Schedule of District's Contributions Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System – Life Insurance Fund

Changes of Benefit Terms

A new benefit tier was added for members joining the System on and after January 1, 2022.

Changes of Assumptions

In the 2020 experience study, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality, and rates of salary increases were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely. The expectation of mortality was changed to the Pub2010 Mortality Tables (Teachers Benefit-Weighted) projected generationally with MP-2020 with various set forwards, set-backs, and adjustments for each of the groups; service retirees, contingent annuitants, disabled retirees, and actives. The assumed long-term investment rate of return was changed from 8.00% for the Health Trust and 7.50% for the Life Trust to 7.10%. The price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.00% to 2.50%. The rates of member participation and spousal participation were adjusted to reflect actual experience more closely.

Bowling Green Independent School District Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability and Schedule of District's Contributions County Employees Retirement System

Schedule of	Dist	rict's Proportionat	e Share of the Col	lective Net OPEB I	Liability - CERS			
As of June 30,		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.263341%	0.239347%	0.259615%	0.254181%	0.254141%	0.250408%	0.255967%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	(363,586) \$	4,723,546 \$	4,970,199 \$	6,137,698 \$	4,274,537 \$	4,445,944 \$	5,145,812
District's covered payroll	\$	7,606,132 \$	6,929,084 \$	6,691,347 \$	6,565,482 \$	6,578,631 \$	6,303,584 \$	6,405,110
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a								
percentage of its covered payroll		-4.78%	68.17%	74.28%	93.48%	64.98%	70.53%	80.34%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		104.23%	60.95%	62.91%	51.67%	60.44%	57.62%	52.40%
		Schedule of I	District Contribution	ons - CERS				
For the years ended June 30,		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Contractually required contribution	\$	- \$	258,921 \$	399,381 \$	318,831 \$	312,834 \$	346,262 \$	296,193
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		-	258,921	399,381	318,831	312,834	346,262	296,193
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
District's covered payroll	\$	8,519,674 \$	7,606,132 \$	6,929,084 \$	6,691,347 \$	6,565,482 \$	6,578,631 \$	6,303,584
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.00%	3.39%	5.78%	4.75%	4.76%	5.26%	4.70%

Bowling Green Independent School District Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability and Schedule of District's Contributions County Employees Retirement System

The following changes were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30 listed below:

Changes of Benefit Terms

No changes of benefit terms.

Changes of Assumptions

2023: The single discount rates used to calculate the total OPEB liability within the plan changed since the prior year. Additional information regarding the single discount rates is provided in Note 9 of the financial statements. During the 2023 legislative session, House Bill 506 was enacted which reinstated the Partial Lump-Sum Optional Form of payment for members who retire on and after January 1, 2024, as well as adjusted the minimum required separation period before a retiree may become reemployed. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2023 was determined with these updates in mind, however it is estimated these updates will not have a significant impact on the total pension liability of the plans.

2022: The single discount rates used to calculate the total OPEB liability within the plan changed since the prior year. During the 2022 legislative session, Senate Bill 209 was enacted which increased the insurance dollar contribution for members hired on or after July 1, 2023 by \$5 for each year of service a member attains over certain thresholds, depending on a member's retirement eligibility requirement. This increase in the insurance dollar contribution does not increase by 1.5% annually and is only payable for non-Medicare retirees. Additionally, it is only payable when the member's applicable insurance fund is at least 90% funded. The increase is first payable January 1, 2023. Senate Bill 209 also allows members receiving the insurance dollar contribution to participate in a medical insurance reimbursement plan that would provide the reimbursement of premiums for health plans other than those administered by KPPA. The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022 is determined using these updated benefit provisions.

2021: During the 2021 legislative session, Senate Bill 169 was enacted which increased disability benefits for certain qualifying members who become "totally and permanently disabled" in the line of duty or as a result of a duty-related disability. The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021 is determined using these updated benefit provisions.

2020: During the 2020 legislative session, Senate Bill 249 was enacted which changed the funding period for the amortization of the unfunded liability to 30 years as of June 30, 2019. Gains and losses incurring in future years will be amortized over separate 20-year amortization bases. This change does not impact the calculation of Total OPEB Liability and only impacts the calculation of the contribution rates that would be payable starting July 1, 2020.

Bowling Green Independent School District Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability and Schedule of District's Contributions County Employees Retirement System

2019: There have been no changes in plan provisions since June 30, 2018. However, the Board of Trustees has adopted new actuarial assumptions since June 30, 2018. These assumptions are documented in the report titled "Kentucky Retirement Systems 2018 Actuarial Experience Study for the Period Ending June 30, 2018". The Total Pension liability as of June 30, 2019 is determined using these updated assumptions.

2018: There have been no changes in actuarial assumptions since June 30, 2017 (other than the blended discount rate used to calculate the total OPEB liability). However, during the 2018 legislative session, House Bill 185 was enacted, which update the benefit provisions for active members who die in the line of duty. The system shall now pay 100% of the insurance premium for spouses and children of all active members who die in the line of duty. The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018 is determined using the updated benefit provision

2017: There was no legislation enacted during the 2017 legislative session that had a material change in benefit provisions for CERS. However, subsequent to the actual valuation date (June 30, 2016), but prior to the measurement date (June 30, 2017), the KRS Board of Trustees adopted updated actuarial assumptions which will be used in performing the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. Specifically, the Total OPEB Liability as of June 30, 2017 is determined using a 2.30% price inflation assumption for the non-hazardous system and the assumed rate of return is 6.25%.

Bowling Green Independent School District Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds

June 30, 2024	SEEK Fund		FSPK Fund		Dis	strict Activity Fund	Stu	Ident Activity Fund	I	Debt Service Fund	Total Other Governmental Funds
Assets											
Cash	\$	-	\$	-	\$	141,271	\$	494,803	\$	-	\$ 636,074
Accounts receivable:											
Accounts		-		-		-		6,105		-	6,105
Total assets	\$	-	\$	-	\$	141,271	\$	500,908	\$	-	\$ 642,179
Liabilities											
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	13,076	\$	3,608	\$	-	\$ 16,684
Total liabilities		-		-		13,076		3,608		-	16,684
Fund Balances											
Restricted		-		-		128,195		497,300		-	625,495
Total fund balances		-		-		128,195		497,300		-	625,495
Total liabilties and fund balances	\$ 	-	\$	-	\$	141,271	\$	500,908	\$	-	\$ 642,179

Bowling Green Independent School District Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2024	SEEK Fund	FSPK Fund	Di	strict Activity Fund	Student Activity Fund	Debt Service Fund	otal Other vernmental Funds
Revenues							
From local sources:							
Taxes:							
Property	\$ - \$	3,079,452	\$	-	\$-	\$-	\$ 3,079,452
Tuition and fees	-	-		-	1,452,852	-	1,452,852
Earnings on investments	-	1,163		-	-	-	1,163
Other local revenue	-	-		3,882		-	3,882
Intergovernmental - state	411,676	3,194,493		-	-	403,105	4,009,274
Total revenues	411,676	6,275,108		3,882	1,452,852	403,105	8,546,623
Expenditures							
Current:							
Instruction	-	-		80,447	1,323,262	-	1,403,709
Support services:							
Instructional staff	-	-		5,171	-	-	5,171
Student transportation	-	-		12,000	-	-	12,000
Debt service:							
Principal	-	-		-	-	3,183,000	3,183,000
Interest	-	-		-	-	2,700,534	2,700,534
Total expenditures	-	-		97,618	1,323,262	5,883,534	7,304,414
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures	411,676	6,275,108		(93,736)	129,590	(5,480,429)	1,242,209
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Operating transfers in	-	-		121,635	-	5,480,429	5,602,064
Operating transfers out	(411,676)	(6,275,108)		-	(121,635)	-	(6,808,419)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(411,676)	(6,275,108)		121,635	(121,635)	5,480,429	(1,206,355)

Bowling Green Independent School District Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2024	Se Fu	-	FSPK Fund	Dis	trict Activity Fund	Student Activity Fund	Debt Service Fund	Govern	Other mental nds
Net change in fund balances		-		-	27,899	7,955	-		35,854
Fund balances - beginning of year		-		-	100,296	489,345	-		589,641
Fund balances - end of year	\$	- \$		- \$	128,195	\$ 497,300	\$-	\$	625,495

Bowling Green Independent School District Combining Statement of School Activity Funds

			Cash		Cash								
	Cash	Re	ceipts &	Dis	bursements		Cash	Ac	counts	Ac	counts	Fui	nd Balance
Year ended June 30, 2024	July 1, 2023	Tra	insfers In	& Т	ransfers Out	J	une 30, 2024	Re	ceivable	P	ayable	Jur	e 30, 2024
Bowling Green High School	\$ 300,681	\$	924,184	\$	902,001	\$	322,864	\$	2,680	\$	744	\$	324,800
Bowling Green Junior High School	102,822		269,389		267,593		104,618		-		2,864		101,754
Parker Bennett Curry Elementary School	8,636		22,755		18,823		12,568		-		-		12,568
T.C. Cherry Elementary School	15,632		19,432		20,924		14,140		-		-		14,140
Potter Gray Elementary School	22,421		167,124		170,830		18,715		-		-		18,715
Dishman-McGinnis Elementary School	15,218		23,555		30,739		8,034		-		-		8,034
W.R. McNeil Elementary School	19,374		28,963		34,473		13,864		3,425		-		17,289
Total	\$ 484,784	\$1	.,455,402	\$	1,445,383	\$	494,803	\$	6,105	\$	3,608	\$	497,300

Bowling Green Independent School District Statement of School Activity Funds Bowling Green High School

		Cash	Cash				
	Cash	Receipts &	Disbursements	Cash	Accounts	Accounts	Fund Balance
Year ended June 30, 2024	July 1, 2023	Transfers In	& Transfers Out	June 30, 2024	Receivable	Payable	June 30, 2024
General Fund	\$ 2,430	\$ 8,746	\$ 9,014	\$ 2,162	\$-	\$-	\$ 2,162
Skillz USA	-	1,580	543	1,037	-	-	1,037
JAG	(4,597)	4,912	240	75	-	-	75
Lost Technology	1,592	2,867	4,459	-	-	-	-
Youth Services Center	8	-	8	-	-	-	-
Faculty Fund	1,206	327	1,030	503	-	-	503
College Cohort	2,419	-	2,038	381	-	-	381
Beta Club	5,636	16,005	13,872	7,769	-	-	7,769
Speech Drama Club	975	3,906	4,630	251	-	-	251
FBLA	224	21,978	22,038	164	-	-	164
FCA	267	-	(32)	299	-	-	299
FCCLA	156	6,455	4,391	2,220	-	-	2,220
Educators Rising	30	7,127	5,642	1,515	-	-	1,515
German Trip	4,468	12,080	6,014	10,534	-	-	10,534
HOSA	3,628	8,346	10,715	1,259	-	-	1,259
Junior Class	16,316	13,127	12,766	16,677	-	-	16,677
National Honor Society	1,798	-	1,798	-	-	-	-
Student Government	3,188	-	790	2,398	-	-	2,398
STLP	13,163	-	-	13,163	-	-	13,163
Science NHS	515	2,242	2,757	-	-	-	-
Prowess	402	-	-	402	-	-	402

Bowling Green Independent School District Statement of School Activity Funds Bowling Green High School

Year ended June 30, 2024	Cash July 1, 2023	Cash Receipts & Transfers In	Cash Disbursements & Transfers Out	Cash June 30, 2024	Accounts Receivable	Accounts Payable	Fund Balance June 30, 2024
Spirit Club	1,133	-	1,133	-	-	-	_
Choir	12,308	38,382	30,883	19,807	-	-	19,807
Foods Fund	651	500	-	1,151	-	-	1,151
PSAT Preparation	108	396	290	214	-	-	214
Purple GEM	466	-	-	466	-	-	466
CTE-Career & Tech Ed Fund	-	2,789	2,789	-	-	-	-
Social Studies Department	229	604	(102)	935	-	-	935
Yearbook	4,452	820	423	4,849	-	-	4,849
Guidance Department	802	551	95	1,258	-	-	1,258
HBCU Tour	23	-	23	-	-	-	-
Library Club	62	10	-	72	-	-	72
AP Testing	435	8,379	8,814	-	-	-	-
Athletics General	35,645	253,315	260,810	28,150	587	-	28,737
Change Funds	-	2,000	2,000	-	-	-	-
Bowling	(174)	7,288	6,989	125	-	-	125
Swim/Dive Boys/Girls	572	11,025	11,597	-	-	-	-
Football	(6,488)	44,875	38,348	39	776	-	815
Boys Golf	-	620	620	-	-	-	-
Girls Golf	-	4,900	4,900	-	-	-	-
Girls Soccer	-	1,015	1,015	-	-	-	-
E-Sports	904	1,800	215	2,489	-	-	2,489
Track & Field	2,921	4,807	6,745	983	-	-	983
Baseball Tournament	2,884	3,735	5,403	1,216	-	-	1,216

Bowling Green Independent School District Statement of School Activity Funds Bowling Green High School

Year ended June 30, 2024	Cash July 1, 2023	Cash Receipts & Transfers In	Cash Disbursements & Transfers Out	Cash June 30, 2024	Accounts Receivable	Accounts Payable	Fund Balance June 30, 2024
Region 3 Boys Golf	207	2,500	2,625	82	-	-	82
Softball	3,166	21,195	15,521	8,840	-	-	8,840
Cross Country	10,233	18,356	10,908	17,681	-	-	17,681
Basketball Concessions	24	17,075	16,949	150	-	-	150
Girls Basketball	9,682	43,300	46,633	6,349	-	-	6,349
Girls Golf	1,834	14,960	12,785	4,009	-	-	4,009
Boys Golf	2,230	32,018	27,165	7,083	-	744	6,339
Boys Basketball	5,839	71,442	65,389	11,892	-	-	11,892
Cheerleading	41,417	149,601	166,501	24,517	245	-	24,762
Tennis	861	4,360	3,648	1,573	-	-	1,573
Archery	4,032	24,336	22,440	5,928	-	-	5,928
Boys Lacrosse	10,696	26,247	15,937	21,006	-	-	21,006
Volleyball	23,530	42,745	47,353	18,922	1,072	-	19,994
Boys Soccer	1,435	4,398	5,070	763	-	-	763
Orchestra	-	5,020	5,020	-	-	-	-
SKY Football Conference	8,152	2,600	2,317	8,435	-	-	8,435
Girls Soccer	28,606	15,248	19,420	24,434	-	-	24,434
Girls Lacrosse Club	6,667	11,518	11,866	6,319	-	-	6,319
Bill Hoagland Schools	410	-	-	410	-	-	410
Florence Jean Memo	1,000	-	-	1,000	-	-	1,000
Jon Clark Scholarship	(2,470)	3,970	1,500	-	-	-	-
Cecil Karrick Scholarship	3,255	-	-	3,255	-	-	3,255
Charitable Causes	-	7,544	7,544	-	-	-	-
Dr. Rebecca Shadowen Scholarship	1,000	500	-	1,500	-	-	1,500
CD Jon Clark Scholarship	28,118	-	1,965	26,153	-	-	26,153
DAF Sweep	-	29,904	29,904	-	-	-	-
Transfers	-	(122,162)	(122,162)	-	-	-	-
Total	\$ 300,681	\$ 924,184	\$ 902,001	\$ 322,864	\$ 2,680	\$ 744	\$ 324,800

Year Ended June 30, 2024

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass- Through Entity Identifying Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Tot Federal Exp	
U.S. Department of Agriculture					
Child Nutrition Cluster					
Direct Program:					
Food Distribution Program - noncash	10.555	-	\$-	\$ 71,252	
Passed-Through State Department of Education:					
School Breakfast Program	10.553	7760005 24	-	1,055,417	
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	7740023 24	-	344,424	
National School Lunch Program	10.555	7750002 24	-	2,496,017	
COVID-19 National School Lunch Program	10.555	9980000 23	-	135,360	
Fresh Fruits and Vegetables Program	10.582	7720012 23	-	112,179	
Subtotal					4,214,649
COVID -19 -State Administrative Expenses for Child					
Nutrition	10.560	7700001 23	-		18,88
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	7790021 24	-		1,741,988
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture					5,975,522
Environmental Protection Agency Direct Program Clean School Bus (CSB) Grant Program	66.045	603J	-		4,875,000
Total Environmental Protection Agency					4,875,000
U.S. Department of Education Passed-Through State Department of Education: Title I - Part A					
	8/ 010	3100002 21	_	/1/6	
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2022	84.010 84.010	3100002 21	-	7,176 754 495	
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2022 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2023	84.010	3100002 22	-	754,495	
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2022 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2023 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2024	84.010 84.010	3100002 22 3100002 23	-	754,495 1,554,872	
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2022 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2023 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2024 Title I Grants to Delinquent Children in LEA - 2024	84.010	3100002 22	-	754,495	2 361 48
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2022 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2023 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2024 Title I Grants to Delinquent Children in LEA - 2024 Subtotal	84.010 84.010	3100002 22 3100002 23	-	754,495 1,554,872	2,361,48
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2022 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2023 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2024 Title I Grants to Delinquent Children in LEA - 2024 Subtotal Special Education Cluster	84.010 84.010 84.010	3100002 22 3100002 23 3100102 23	-	754,495 1,554,872 44,937	2,361,48
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2022 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2023 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2024 Title I Grants to Delinquent Children in LEA - 2024 Subtotal Special Education Cluster Special Education Grants to States - 2023	84.010 84.010 84.010 84.027	3100002 22 3100002 23 3100102 23 3810002 22	-	754,495 1,554,872 44,937 327,686	2,361,48
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2022 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2023 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2024 Title I Grants to Delinquent Children in LEA - 2024 Subtotal Special Education Cluster Special Education Grants to States - 2023 Special Education Grants to States - 2024	84.010 84.010 84.010 84.027 84.027	3100002 22 3100002 23 3100102 23 3810002 22 3810002 23	-	754,495 1,554,872 44,937 327,686 934,246	2,361,48
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2022 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2023 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2024 Title I Grants to Delinquent Children in LEA - 2024 Subtotal Special Education Cluster Special Education Grants to States - 2023 Special Education Grants to States - 2024 COVID-19 Special Education Grants to States - 2022	84.010 84.010 84.010 84.027 84.027 84.027	3100002 22 3100002 23 3100102 23 3810002 22 3810002 23 4910002 21		754,495 1,554,872 44,937 327,686 934,246 99,988	2,361,48
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2022 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2023 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2024 Title I Grants to Delinquent Children in LEA - 2024 Subtotal Special Education Cluster Special Education Grants to States - 2023 Special Education Grants to States - 2024 COVID-19 Special Education Grants to States - 2022 COVID-19 Special Education Preschool Grants - 2022	84.010 84.010 84.010 84.027 84.027 84.027 84.027 84.173	3100002 22 3100002 23 3100102 23 3810002 22 3810002 23 4910002 21 4910002 21		754,495 1,554,872 44,937 327,686 934,246 99,988 25,379	2,361,48
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2022 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2023 Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies - 2024 Title I Grants to Delinquent Children in LEA - 2024 Subtotal Special Education Cluster Special Education Grants to States - 2023 Special Education Grants to States - 2024 COVID-19 Special Education Grants to States - 2022	84.010 84.010 84.010 84.027 84.027 84.027	3100002 22 3100002 23 3100102 23 3810002 22 3810002 23 4910002 21		754,495 1,554,872 44,937 327,686 934,246 99,988	2,361,48

See accompanying notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

Bowling Green Independent School District Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Year Ended June 30, 2024

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass- Through Entity Identifying Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Tot Federal Exp	
English Language Acquisition State Grants - 2022	84.365	3300002 21	-	11,018	
English Language Acquisition State Grants - 2023	84.365	3300002 22	-	73,856	
English Language Acquisition State Grants - 2024	84.365	3300002 23	-	56,613	
Subtotal			-		141,48
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to					
State - 2023	84.048	3710002 22	-	23,442	
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to					
State - 2024	84.048	3710002 23	-	62,557	
Subtotal			-		85,99
Migrant Education State Grant Program - 2023	84.011	3110002 22	-	143,491	
Migrant Education State Grant Program - 2024	84.011	3110002 23	-	270,126	
Subtotal					413,61
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants - 2022	84.367	3230002 21	-	1,998	
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants - 2023	84.367	3230002 22	-	66,940	
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants - 2024 Subtotal	84.367	3230002 23		147,362	216,30
Student Support & Academic Enrichment Program -					
2022	84.424	3420002 21	-	1,200	
Student Support & Academic Enrichment Program -					
2023	84.424	3420002 22	-	32,763	
Student Support & Academic Enrichment Program -					
2024	84.424	3420002 23		116,491	
Subtotal					150,45
COVID-19 American Rescue Plan - Elementary and					
Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER)	84.425U	4300002 21	-	1,354,890	
COVID-19 American Rescue Plan - Elementary and					
Secondary School Emergency Relief (Homeless					
Children and Youth)	84.425W	4200002 21	-	2,228	
COVID-19 American Rescue Plan - Elementary and					
Secondary School Emergency Relief (GEER II)	84.425C	4200002 21	-	46,075	
assed-Through Green River Regional Educational					
poperative:					
COVID-19 American Rescue Plan - Elementary and					
Secondary School Emergency Relief (ARP ESSER)	84.425U	5631		26,442	
Subtotal					1,429,63
al U.S. Department of Education					6,240,65

See accompanying notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

Year Ended June 30, 2024

Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass- Through Entity Identifying Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients		
93.575	562JP	-		298,395
93.576	420J		192,992	
93.576	420K	-	152,127	
				345,119
				643,514
-	Assistance Listing Number 93.575 93.576	Federal Assistance Listing NumberThrough Entity Identifying Number93.575562JP93.576420J	Federal AssistanceThrough EntityPassedListing NumberIdentifying NumberThrough to Subrecipients93.575562JP-93.576420J	Federal AssistanceThrough EntityPassedListing NumberIdentifying NumberThrough to SubrecipientsTot Federal Exp93.575562JP-93.576420J192,992

Bowling Green Independent School District Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

NOTE 1: BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "schedule") includes the federal grant activity of Bowling Green Independent School District (the "District") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the District.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule of fair value of the goods received.

NOTE 3: INDIRECT COST RATE

The District has elected to use indirect cost rates as defined by the grantor in the following programs:

Child Nutrition Cluster Refugee Children Impact and Support ARP ESSER Homeless Children and Youth Education Stabilization Fund

NOTE 4: SUBRECIPIENTS

There were no subrecipients during the fiscal year.

NOTE 5: LOANS AND LOAN GUARANTEES

The District did not have any loans or loan guarantee programs required to be reported on the schedule.

Bowling Green Independent School District Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

Board of Education

MICHAEL K. BISHOP, Chair DEBORAH WILLIAMS, Vice Chair LISA ALLEN, Member FRANK H. "HAMP" MOORE, JR., Member CIERRA WALLER, Member GARY FIELDS, Superintendent/Secretary to the Board



Administrators

Director of Instructional Programs, DARLENE PORTER Director of Operations, CEDRIC BROWNING Director of Finance/Treasurer, SIIAUNNA CORNWELL Director of Personnel, KENNETH MAY Director of Special Education, CANDICE PEAY Director of Pupil Personnel, D.G. SHERRILL

Bowling Green Independent School District Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings Year ended June 30, 2023

2023-001 Inventory

Condition: During our audit procedures over Inventory, we noted a lack of documentation for inventory counts at all locations as of June 30, 2023.

Recommendation: We recommend the District monitor the inventory process to ensure proper documentation is maintained for inventory counts.

Current Status: The recommendation was adopted on December 15, 2023. No similar findings were noted in the 2024 audit.

2023-002 Pass-through Kentucky Department of Education; COVID-19 Education Stabilization Fund – Assistance Listing No. 84.425; Grant period – Year ended June 30, 2023

Condition: 2 CFR 200.303 requires the non-federal entity to establish and maintain effective internal controls over compliance with Federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of the Federal award including proper tracking of grant expenditures or compliance.

Recommendation: Controls should be monitored to ensure that payroll is paid at approved rates.

Current Status: The recommendation was adopted on December 15, 2023. No similar findings were noted in the 2024 audit.

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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Bowling Green Independent School District Bowling Green, Kentucky

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits as defined in the *Independent Auditor's Contract*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bowling Green Independent School District (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Bowling Green Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 14, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. In addition, the results of our tests disclosed no instances of specific state statutes or regulations identified in the *Independent Auditor's Contract – State Compliance Requirements*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the District in a separate letter dated December 14, 2024.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Carr, Riggs & Ungram, L.L.C.

Carr, Riggs & Ingram, L.L.C. Bowling Green, Kentucky December 14, 2024



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Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Bowling Green Independent School District Bowling Green, Kentucky

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Bowling Green Independent School District's (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency in *internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of the prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that weaknesses or significant control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Carr, Riggs & Ungram, L.L.C.

Carr, Riggs & Ingram, L.L.C. Bowling Green, Kentucky December 14, 2024

Section I — Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP: unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?		′es	☑ No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified		′es	☑ None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	□ Y	′es	☑ No
Federal Awards			
Internal control over major Federal prog	rams:		
Material weakness(es) identified?		'es	☑ No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified		Yes	☑ None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compl for major Federal programs: unmodifie			
Any audit findings disclosed that are requ	uired		
to be reported in accordance with Unifor	m		
Guidance (2 CFR 200.516(a))?		'es	☑ No
Identification of major Federal programs:			
Federal Assistance			
Listing Numbers	Name of Federal Prog	ram	Cluster
10.553; 10.555; 10.559; 10.582	Child Nutrition C		
66.045	Clean School Bus I	Progr	am
Dollar threshold used to distinguish			
between type A and type B programs:	\$750,000		
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	☑ Yes□ No		

Bowling Green Independent School District Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Section II — Financial Statement Findings

None reported.

Section III — Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None reported.



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Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits Members of the Board of Education Bowling Green Independent School District Bowling Green, Kentucky

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Bowling Green Independent School District (the "District") for the year ended June 30, 2024, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the District's system of internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

However, during our audit we became aware of deficiencies in internal control other than significant deficiencies and material weaknesses and matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiency. The memorandum that accompanies this letter summarizes our comments and suggestions regarding those matters. A separate report dated December 14, 2024 contains our report on the District's internal control. This letter does not affect our report dated December 14, 2024 on the financial statements of the District.

We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed the comments and recommendations with various District personnel, and we will be pleased to discuss them in further detail at your convenience, to perform any additional study of these matters or to assist you in implementing the recommendations.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of the District, Kentucky State Committee for School Districts Audits, and management of the District and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Carr, Riggr & Ungram, L.L.C.

Carr, Riggs & Ingram, L.L.C. Bowling Green, Kentucky December 14, 2024

Bowling Green Independent School District Comments and Recommendations

Prior Year Comments

• Bowling Green Junior High

• Prior year findings were corrected.

Bowling Green High

- Prior year findings were corrected.
- Dishman McGinnis
 - Prior year findings were corrected.

Current Year Comments

Bowling Green High

 During our sampling procedures over daily receipts, we noted five of nine sampled deposits were made outside of the time period required by Redbook. We recommend all deposits be made in accordance with Redbook.

Dishman McGinnis

 During our sampling procedures over daily receipts, we noted one of one sampled deposits was made outside of the time period required by Redbook. We recommend all deposits be made in accordance with Redbook.

Parker Bennett Curry

 During our sampling procedures over disbursements, we noted one of one sampled disbursement where the purchase lacked documentation of the approval of authorized personnel and was not signed by the personnel making the request as required by Redbook. We recommend all disbursements follow the disbursement process in accordance with Redbook.

Bowling Green Independent School District Client Responses

Board of Education

MICHAEL K. BISHOP, Chair DEBORAH WILLIAMS, Vice Chair LISA ALLEN, Member FRANK H. "HAMP" MOORE, JR., Member CIERRA WALLER, Member GARY FIELDS, Superintendent/Sceretary to the Board



Administrators

Director of Instructional Programs, DARLENE PORTER Director of Operations, CEDRIC BROWNING Director of Finance/Treasurer, SHAUNNA CORNWELL Director of Personnel, KENNETH MAY Director of Special Education, CANDICE PEAY Director of Pupil Personnel, D.G. SHERRILL

Current Year Comments

Bowling Green High

• During our sampling procedures over daily receipts, we noted five of nine sampled deposits were made outside of the time period required by Redbook. We recommend all deposits be made in accordance with Redbook.

• Management has met with both the principal and bookkeeper to review Redbook regulations and placed significant emphasis on the regulatory requirement that all deposits be made in a timely manner.

Dishman McGinnis

• During our sampling procedures over daily receipts, we noted one of one sampled deposits were made outside of the time period required by Redbook. We recommend all deposits be made in accordance with Redbook.

• Management has met with both the principal and bookkeeper to review Redbook regulations and placed significant emphasis on the regulatory requirement that all deposits be made in a timely manner.

Parker Bennett Curry

 During our sampling procedures over disbursements, we noted one of one sampled disbursement where the purchase lacked documentation of the approval of authorized personnel and was not signed by the personnel making the request as required by Redbook.
We recommend all disbursements follow the disbursement process in accordance with Redbook.

• Management has met with both the principal and bookkeeper to review Redbook regulations and placed significant emphasis on the regulatory requirement that each disbursement packet include all necessary approvals and that signatures have been obtained.

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